FINANCING AGREEMENT SPECIAL CONDITIONS

The European Commission, hereinafter referred to as "the Commission", acting on behalf of the European Union, hereinafter referred to as "the Union",

of the one part, and

Montenegro, hereinafter referred to as "IPA II beneficiary", represented by the Government of Montenegro – Ministry of European Affairs,

of the other part,

have agreed as follows:

Article 1 - The Programme

(1) The Union agrees to finance and the IPA II beneficiary agrees to accept the financing of the following Programme:

Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017 part 2 IPA/2017/ 040-217

This Programme is financed from the Union Budget under the following basic act: Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance, IPA II.¹

(2) The total estimated cost of this Programme is EUR 15,000,000 and the maximum Union contribution to this Programme is set at EUR 15,000,000.

No financial contribution is required from the IPA II beneficiary

(3) The Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the description provided in Annex I, which is further detailed in Action documents to be agreed on by exchange of letters between the Commission and the IPA II beneficiary.

Article 2 - Execution period and operational implementation period

- (1) The execution period of this Financing Agreement as defined in Article 12 of Annex II (General Conditions) is fixed at 12 years, from the entry into force of this Financing Agreement.
- (2) The duration of the operational implementation period as defined in Article 12 of Annex II (General Conditions) is fixed at 6 years, from the entry into force of this Financing Agreement.

¹ Regulation (EU) No 231/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 establishing an Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance (IPA II), OJ L 77, 15.03.2014, p. 11.

Article 3 - Addresses and Communication

All communication concerning the implementation of this Financing Agreement shall be in writing, shall refer expressly to this Programme as identified in Article 1(1) and shall be sent to the following addresses:

(1) for the Commission

Ms Ruiz Calavera Genoveva
Director D, Western Balkans
Directorate-General for Neighbourhood and Enlargement Negotiations
European Commission
15, Rue de la Loi, B – 1049 Brussels, Belgium
E-mail: NEAR-D1@ec.europa.eu

(2) for the IPA II beneficiary

Mr Aleksandar Andrija Pejović
Minister and National IPA Coordinator
Ministry of European Affairs
Bulevar Revolucije 15
81000 Podgorica, Montenegro
E-mail: aleksandar.pejovic@mep.gov.me

Article 4 – OLAF contact point

The contact point of the IPA II beneficiary having the appropriate powers to cooperate directly with the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) in order to facilitate OLAF's operational activities shall be:

AFCOS contact point/AFCOS office Anja Pavličić Ministry of Finance of Montenegro Stanka Dragojevića 2, 81000 Podgorica, Montenegro

Tel: +382 20 224 480 Fax: +382 20 224 450.

Article 5 – Framework Agreement

The Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the provisions of the Framework Agreement between the European Commission and Montenegro on the arrangements for implementation of Union financial assistance to Montenegro under the Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA II) which entered into force on 04 June 2015 (hereafter referred to as "the Framework Agreement"). This Financing Agreement supplements the provisions of the Framework Agreement. In case of conflict between, on the one hand, the provisions of this Financing Agreement and, on the other hand, the provisions of the Framework Agreement, the latter shall take precedence.

Article 6 - Annexes

- (1) This Financing Agreement is composed of:
- (a) these Special Conditions;

- (b) Annex I: Annual Action Programme, detailing the objectives, expected results, activities, description of the budget-implementation tasks entrusted and budget of this Programme;
- (c) Annex IA: Budget Support;
- (d) Annex II: General Conditions;
- (e) Annex III: Model Annual Report on the implementation of IPA II assistance as per Article 58 of the Framework Agreement.
- (2) In the event of a conflict between, on the one hand, the provisions of the Annexes and, on the other hand, the provisions of these Special Conditions, the latter shall take precedence. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of Annex I and/or Annex IA on the one hand and, the provisions of Annex II, on the other hand, the latter shall take precedence. In the event of a conflict between, the provisions of the Annex I on the one hand, and the provisions of Annex IA, on the other hand, the former shall take precedence.

Article 7 - Entry into force

This Financing Agreement shall enter into force on the date on which it is signed by the last party, at the latest, 31 December 2018.

This Financing Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the English language, one being handed to the Commission and one to the IPA II beneficiary.

For the IPA II beneficiary:

Minister Aleksandar Andrija Pejović

National IPA Coordinator (NIPAC)

Ministry of European Affairs

Podgorica, 16/01/20

For the Commission:

Ms Ruiz Calavera Genoveva

Director D, Western Balkans

Directorate-General for Neighbourhood Policy and

Enlargement Negotiations

Brussels.

1 4 DEC. 2017

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ANNEX

to Commission Implementing Decision adopting an Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017 Part 2

1 IDENTIFICATION

Beneficiary	Montenegro
CRIS/ABAC Commitment	
references	IPA/2017/ 040-217 EUR 15 000 000 (22.020101)
Total cost	EUR 15 000 000
EU Contribution	EUR 15 000 000
Budget lines	22.020101
Management Mode/ Entrusted entities	Direct management by the European Commission for all activities with the exception of 2 complementary activities:
	- Support to upgrade the Single information system for the exchange of data among state registers (SISEDE) and
	- Support to the elaboration and implementation of a national rightsizing Plan
	which will be implemented through indirect management by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
Final date for concluding	
Financing Agreements with the IPA II beneficiary	At the latest by 31 December 2018
Final date for concluding delegation agreements under indirect management	At the latest by 31 December 2018
Final date for concluding procurement and grant	3 years following the date of conclusion of the Financing Agreement,
contracts	with the exception of the cases listed under Article 189(2) Financial Regulation
Final date for operational implementation	6 years following the date of conclusion of the Financing Agreement.
Final date for implementing the Financing Agreement	12 years following the conclusion of the Financing Agreement.
(date by which this programme should be de-committed and closed)	

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Programming Unit	DG NEAR Unit D.1 Montenegro
Implementing Unit/ EU Delegation	Delegation of the European Union to Montenegro

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2 DESCRIPTION OF THE ACTION PROGRAMME

2.1 SECTORS SELECTED UNDER THIS ACTION PROGRAMME

• Rationale for the selection of the specific sectors under this programme:

The Annual Action Programme (AAP) for Montenegro for the year 2014 contributed to the achievement of the objectives identified in the Indicative Strategy Paper 2014-2020 (ISP) of Montenegro¹ through formulating actions covering six of the eight priorities defined in the ISP. The first sectors initially covered by IPA II funds included Democracy and governance, the Rule of law and fundamental rights, Environment and Climate Action, Transport, Competitiveness and Innovation, and the Agriculture and rural development sector. Following the sector approach the Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2015 covered Democracy and governance and the Rule of law and fundamental rights sectors. It also included the first sector budget support programme aimed at supporting the implementation of the Integrated Border Management Strategy.

In 2015 Montenegro developed a Regional Development Operational Programme 2016-2020 (RDOP) to provide a multiannual framework for IPA programming in Environment, Competitiveness and Transport sectors. Three actions have been prepared in parallel, each covering one of the three sectors identified in the RDOP. Two actions, focusing on economic development and growth by providing assistance to the Environment and Climate Action and Competitiveness and Innovation sectors, were included in the Action Programme for the year 2016. A third action aiming at the improvement and development of the Transport sector was included in part 1 of the Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017. In addition to the assistance provided to the Transport sector, the IPA allocation of 2017 funds also continued its support to the EU Integration Facility and to the participation of Montenegro in Union Programmes.

The present Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017 part 2 (AAP 2017 part 2) will strengthen and complement the existing EU support to the **Democracy and Governance** sector by focusing this time on the area of **Public Administration Reform (PAR)**.

A well-functioning public administration is of fundamental importance for successful political and economic reforms and for implementing EU rules and standards. Therefore, public administration reform is considered to be one of the key priorities of the Enlargement Strategy. Similarly, the 2014-2020 Indicative Country Strategy Paper identifies the reform of the public administration as one of the key sectors to be supported.

The reform of public administration is also in line with the objective of South East Europe Strategy 2020², which recognises that the establishment of a transparent, well-functioning and efficient public administration is a cross-cutting component and a prerequisite for the achievement of any other objective of the strategy.

² http://www.rcc.int/pubs/20/

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¹ C(2014)5771 of 18.08.2014 – Commission Implementing Decision adopting an Indicative Strategy Paper for Montenegro for the period 2014-2020"

With a total EU contribution of EUR 15 000 000, the AAP 2017 part 2 will bring added value to Montenegro, as well as to the European Union by supporting the government's efforts to create an efficient, service-oriented and more transparent public administration. The 2017 allocation will help the country to modernise its public administration human resources management, transparency mechanisms and improve service delivery as well as to build the necessary capacities within the national institutions to support the negotiation process and the alignment of the national legislation with the EU Acquis.

• Overview of past and on-going EU, other donors' and/or IPA II beneficiary's actions in the relevant sectors:

In the **Democracy and Governance** sector, previous actions under IPA I addressed the reform of the civil service and its legal framework.

The 2014 AAP programme included a number of actions linked to Public Financial Management and *EU acquis* alignment with a total EU contribution of EUR 8.97 million. Moreover, the EU Integration Facility supports IPA II implementation and programming as well as the preparation of the negotiation process with a total of EUR 4.6 million (EUIF 2014), EUR 2.45 million (EUIF 2015) and EUR 2.89 million (EUIF 2017, planned).

The PAR Strategy 2016-2020 was adopted by the Government of Montenegro in July 2016. It is based on the results of the "Analysis of the effects of the implementation of the AURUM" and on the recommendations of the EU-funded programme Support for Improvement in Governance and Management - SIGMA, as put forward in the "Baseline Measurement Report Montenegro 2015". Furthermore, it is consistent with the enlargement objectives and with the priorities described in several national level strategic documents.⁴

This action has been designed taking into consideration the lessons learned and the experience gained during the preparation and implementation of the first Sector Budget Support operation in the Rule of Law sector (Integrated Border Management – IBM programme). The degree of maturity of the sector strategy, the existence of a credible Performance Assessment Framework and the importance of continuous policy dialogue were identified as important factors to ensure the effectiveness of such operations.

Complementarity has been ensured with other cooperation partners' existing or planned activities. In particular, the United Nations Development Programme is working on a Public Administration Reform Programme which focuses on transparency, integrity and accountability in the public administration, as well as on e-services and e-government. The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development - OECD, through the EU-funded SIGMA programme, is a key partner in the country for the assessment of public governance systems and for strengthening public administration capacities. The

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³ Public Administration Reform Strategy 2011-2016 (AURUM)

⁴ Montenegro EU Accession Programme 2016-2018, Montenegro Development Directions 2015-2018, Montenegro Economic Reform Programme 2016-2018, Public Finance Management Programme 2016-2020, Strategy for Information and Communications Technologies.

World Bank and the International Monetary Fund play an important role in macroeconomic stability and public finance management, especially in the area of tax administration, debt management and fiscal consolidation. The Westminster Foundation has been working on strengthening parliamentary budgetary oversight and the British Embassy on the quality of Regulatory Impact Assessments and on budget transparency (Open Budget Index).

List of Actions foreseen under the selected Sectors/Priorities: Democracy and Governance

INDIRECT MANAGEMENT WITH THE IPA II beneficiary	OTHER IMPLEMENTA ARRANGEMENTS	
	" Action 4- " EU Support to Public Administration	EUR 15 000 000
	Reform in Montenegro	15 000 000
	Direct Management and Indirect Management	
	TOTAL	15 000 000

2.2 DESCRIPTION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACTIONS

SECTOR 1	Democracy and Governance		EUR 15 000 000
Action 4	EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro	Direct Management and Indirect Management	EUR 15 000 000

Sector Budget Support

a) Eligibility for budget support

Public policy

A Public Administration Reform Strategy 2016-2020 was adopted by the Government of Montenegro in July 2016. It is based on the results of the "Analysis of the effects of the implementation of the AURUM" and on the recommendations of SIGMA, as put forward in the "Baseline Measurement Report Montenegro 2015". Furthermore, it is consistent with the enlargement objectives and with the priorities described in several national level strategic documents. The main objectives of the PAR Strategy are: a)

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improvement of the competences and organisation of civil servants at all level of the administrative system b) reorganisation of agencies exercising public powers c) improvement of the process of selection of candidates and of the existing performance appraisal system d) delivery of administrative services at the highest possible level e) establishment of a comprehensive system of mid-term policy planning f) more functional and more efficient local self-government units. The Strategy has a detailed action plan for the first two years of implementation (2016-2017), which includes indicators for all specific objectives, with baselines and targets. An action plan for the period 2018-2020 will be approved in 2017, including an update of the total cost.

The Ministry of Public Administration will be responsible for monitoring and reporting on the implementation of the Strategy, while the primary responsibility for the achievement of the objectives will stay with the identified lead entities. A Performance Assessment Framework has been put in place, with the first progress report to be produced in May 2017.

On the basis of the available information, it can be concluded that a credible and relevant strategy is in place for intervention in the public administration sector.

• Macroeconomic policy

The current growth model of Montenegro is dominantly based on investments and services, mainly tourism, transport and retail sales. Montenegro experienced modest GDP growth in the period 2014-2016, averaging 2.6%. After a period of weak inflation and decrease of consumer prices, inflation should gradually rise and stabilise around 2% in the period 2016-2018.⁵

The Government pursues fiscal incentives and public infrastructure projects to promote economic development and connectivity. Although the government's growth strategy can bring substantial gains, it also carries sizable risks, notably to the public finances, especially if combined with social allowances and public wage hikes. The IMF projects budget deficit percent to increase to 7.5% of GDP in 2017. High fiscal deficit feeds into increasing general government debt, which is projected to reach 82% of GDP by 2019.

The trade deficit increased in 2016, mostly due to an increase of imports of construction materials and equipment, mainly driven by the infrastructure projects. Employment growth remains modest, despite stronger investment activity, which reflects, inter alia, the non-alignment of education and skills with labour market needs. The banking sector is stable, although low provisioning and weak asset quality remains a concern and could hold back credit growth if not properly dealt with.

Within this framework, the country continues to be vulnerable to fluctuations in external demand and global financial conditions. With shrinking fiscal buffers, and because the economy lacks monetary policy tools, the ability to absorb shocks will depend crucially on the flexibility and competitiveness of the real economy.⁷

⁶ IMF Staff Concluding Statement of the 2017 Article IV mission.

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⁵ Monstat and Ministry of Finance of Montenegro

⁷ IMF Staff Concluding Statement of the 2015 Article IV mission, available at: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/cat/longres.aspx?sk=43772.0

The authorities are committed to address vulnerabilities and, with the assistance of the World Bank and the IMF, they are working on a Fiscal Strategy which will complement the Plan for the Correction of the Budget Deficit and Public Debt adopted in December 2016 with medium-term fiscal consolidation measures in order to put public debt on a downward trajectory. The Fiscal Strategy is foreseen to be approved by June 2017. Together with the implementation of the structural reforms as presented in the Economic Reform Programme 2017-2019, it will foster growth, increase resilience and boost competitiveness of the economy.

The adoption of a sound Fiscal Strategy together with medium-term consolidation measures is crucial to pursue a credible and relevant stability-oriented macroeconomic policy.

• Public financial management

Montenegro adopted a multiannual Public Finance Management Reform Programme (2016-2020) in December 2015 which addresses several key weaknesses of the budget system. The objectives of the strategy are twofold: a) strengthen the capacities to identify, prevent and manage fiscal risks, excessive fiscal deficits and harmful macroeconomic imbalances b) Ensure that public spending is structured in a way that maximizes the development impact on the national economy and ensures better quality of life for the citizens.

Montenegro is progressing according to the schedule for many of the PFM sub-systems reforms, although it is having some difficulties in particularly challenging areas, where technical assistance is needed and stronger efforts are necessary to streamline the reforms. In particular, Montenegro will have to focus on the development of a sustainable fiscal framework and on the creation of an efficient system for public expenditures planning and budgeting. This includes multi-annual sector strategies with reliable recurrent and investment expenditures costing, as well as policy based budgeting.

Despite some delays in the implementation, the overall direction of change of the Montenegrin PFM reform remains positive and the PFM strategy continues to be relevant and credible.

• Budget transparency and oversight of the budget

The Government systematically publishes the budget proposal, the enacted budget and the in-year and final budget execution reports. The State Audit Institution reports are also available.

The Executive's budget proposal for 2016 was published on the website of the Government of Montenegro on 14 November 2015. The enacted budget was published on the web site of the Ministry of Finance on 15 January 2016. Therefore, the entry point for the eligibility criterion on budget transparency and oversight can be considered as satisfied.

A transparency roadmap has been integrated in the Public Finance Management Reform programme 2016-2020. Here transparency is organised as a horizontal activity, including the improvement of the presentation and visualisation of the annual budget and of in-year reports (monthly and quarterly) according to the best international practices. Whereas most of the actions are due to start in 2017 and 2018, some progress was shown in the implementation of the activities planned for 2016.

b) Objectives

The general objective of this sector budget support programme is to contribute to sustainable growth and to improve competitiveness through the creation of a more transparent, efficient and service-oriented public administration. This will be done by supporting the implementation of the Public Administration Reform Strategy 2016-2020.

The programme will support a mix of actions both at policy level and with a clear impact on citizens' life, long-term reforms and quick-win reforms, in order to keep momentum and motivation in the implementation of the reform.

The specific objectives of this sector budget support correspond to the following priorities of the PAR Strategy 2016-2020:

- Optimization of the number of civil servants in the public administration in line with state budget constraints and European integration challenges. This will imply the adoption and implementation of a National Rightsizing Plan and the redistribution and/or reduction of human resources according to the needs of the administration, including meeting the challenges of European integration. In this respect, the update and upgrade of the Central Personnel Records (HRMIS) and its link with the payroll registry will be an essential element, without which any efforts to develop the management and monitoring of public administration are not sustainable. In parallel, it will be necessary to ensure an independent oversight of public administration affairs by strengthening the administrative and technical capacities of the Administrative Inspection Service;
- Enhancement of human resources management, by giving particular attention to the capacity to plan and to manage new recruitments as well as to the capacity to manage civil servants' and other employees' professional development according to the needs of an efficient, service-oriented and more transparent public administration;
- Improvement of the quality and accessibility of public service delivery, with a reduction or simplification of administrative procedures for citizens and business operators. In this respect, the establishment of interoperability among key electronic state registers will be the basis for any further improvement in the provision of services;
- Improvement of the transparency of public services by making the exercise of
 the right to free access to information more effective, by reducing the number of
 complaints, in particular for "administrative silence", and by decreasing the
 number of decisions on information requests annulled by the Administrative
 Court.

The programme focuses on the most challenging objectives of the strategy, notably the ones where the previous public administration reform (AURUM) did not achieve the expected results and which are of key importance in the enlargement perspective. The programme also reflects the will to improve the life of citizens in terms of service delivery and increased transparency. In both cases, policy dialogue plays a central role and represents the real added value of the European Commission intervention in this sector.

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The specific objectives are strictly interlinked, which underlines the sectoral approach of this budget support operation. They are also complementary to the interventions of other donors and will have a structural impact on the Montenegrin public administration system. Moreover, they have been selected in order to ensure sustainability of the results and a positive effect on fiscal consolidation and macroeconomic stability.

The optimization of human resources, in particular, reflects the need to better respond to the citizens' and business' needs, to reduce the increasing weight of annual wages on current expenditures⁸ and to free more financial resources for economic growth and competitiveness. At the same time, better resource planning and a more skilled workforce will benefit the quality of public administration, by creating the conditions for a smoother European Integration process.

Finally, the quality, transparency and accessibility of public services are crucial determinants for a more business friendly administration and a more competitive economy, especially if they are translated in simplified and swifter public administrative procedures. Greater predictability in terms of quality and timing also creates trust and economic benefits for the end users of the services.

c) Expected results

The expected results of this sector budget support programme are the following:

- Public administration human resources are optimised in line with European Integration needs and state budget constraints.
- Increased accuracy of data on number and career of civil servants.
- Increased capacity to plan and manage new recruitment.
- Improved capacity to manage civil servants professional development according to the needs of an efficient, service oriented and more transparent public administration.
- Simplified and swifter public administrative procedures.
- Improved access to public information.

d) Main sector budget support activities

The main activities to implement the budget support package are policy dialogue, financial transfer, performance assessment, reporting and capacity development.

Engagement in dialogue around conditions and government reform priorities, the verification of conditions and the payment of budget support.

e) Complementary actions

With regard to complementary actions, activities will largely focus upon strengthening the institutional and human resource capacities of the principal stakeholders to drive, coordinate and monitor the implementation of the public administration reform. The proposed actions will develop the beneficiaries' capacities to achieve the expected results. The main recipients will be the Human Resources Management Authority, the Administrative Inspection Service, the E-government Directorate and the Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Free Access to Information. Technical assistance will be

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⁸ IMF Staff Concluding Statement of the 2017 Article IV mission.

provided also to the Statistical Office of Montenegro (MONSTAT) in order to update the methodology for statistics according to EU regulations and to improve the quality of administrative data sources. Additional support will also be provided to the Ministry of Public Administration to manage external and internal communication, which is considered particularly sensitive and to the Ministry of European Affairs, in order to further reinforcing strategic planning as functional to the elaboration of credible medium term budgetary frameworks. This latter assistance will mitigate one of the identified PFM risks and will increase state budget credibility. Special support will be provided to developing the capacities of civil society in oversight and control as well as to visibility actions.

The complementary actions are planned to be launched with a <u>suspension clause</u> which will allow for the commencement of the activities early after signature of the Financing Agreement.

Essential elements of the Action for direct management:

Procurement:

- a) the **global** budgetary envelope reserved for procurement: EUR 1 000 000
- b) the indicative number and type of contracts: 4 service contracts
- c) Indicative time frame for launching the procurement procedure: procurement procedures are expected to be launched in Q3 2017.

Grant - Call for proposal - Civil society oversight and awareness activities

a) Objectives and foreseen results:

The objective of the grant is to develop the capacity of civil society organisations to perform its oversight role, monitor the evolution and implementation of the reform strategy as well as raise awareness of PAR issues that affect the citizens such as service delivery and accountability of public institutions.

The foreseen result is an increased transparency of the public administration and a strengthened oversight by the civil society of the PAR sector.

b) The essential eligibility criteria are:

- be a legal person and
- be non-profit-making and
- be a civil society organisation and
- be a national of Montenegro or registered in Montenegro⁹
- c) The essential selection criteria are financial and operational capacity of the applicant.

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⁹ Registered under at least one of the following laws: Law on Non-governmental Organisations (Official Gazette of Montenegro 27/99, 09, 30/02, 39/11), Labour Law (OG of Montenegro 43/03, 79/04, 49/08, 26/08, 88/09, 26/10, 59/11), Law on Representation of Trade Unions (OG of Montenegro 26/2010), the Bylaw on the representation of employers' organisations (OG of Montenegro, 34/05), the Law on the Chamber of Economy of Montenegro (OG of Montenegro, 42/98).

<u>d)</u> The essential award criteria are relevance, effectiveness and feasibility, sustainability and cost-effectiveness of the action.

e) Maximum rate of EU co-financing

The maximum possible rate of EU co-financing is 90% of the eligible cost of the action.

The maximum possible rate of EU financing may be up to 100% of the total cost of the action in accordance with Article 192 of Financial Regulation if full funding is essential for the action to be carried out. The necessity for full EU funding will be justified by the responsible authorising officer in the award decision, in respect of the principles of equal treatment and sound financial management.

- f) Indicative amount of the call: EUR 50 000
- g) Indicative date for launch of the call for proposals: Q 3 2017

Grant – Twinning – Call for proposal: Capacity development for Human Resources Planning, Professional development and Training (TWN 1)

a) Objectives and foreseen results:

Objective: To develop the capacity of the Human Resources Management Agency (HRMA).

Result: The HRMA capacity is strengthened regarding human resource planning, professional development and training.

- b) The maximum possible rate of EU financing may be up to 100% of the total cost of the action in accordance with Article 192 of Financial Regulation if full funding is essential for the action to be carried out. The necessity for full EU funding will be justified by the responsible authorising officer in the award decision, in respect of the principles of equal treatment and sound financial management.
- c) <u>Indicative amount of Twinning contract</u>: EUR 500 000
- d) Indicative date for launching the selection procedure: 2017 Q3

Grant – Twinning – Call for proposal : Capacity Development for the Administrative Inspection Services (TWN 2)

a) Objectives and foreseen results:

Objective: To develop the capacity of the Administrative Inspection Services (IAS).

Result: The IAS capacity is strengthened regarding oversight of the legality of human resources management practice

b) The maximum possible rate of EU financing may be up to 100% of the total cost of the action in accordance with Article 192 of Financial Regulation if full funding is essential for the action to be carried out. The necessity for full EU funding will be justified by the responsible authorising officer in the award decision, in respect of the principles of equal treatment and sound financial management.

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- c) Indicative amount of Twinning contract: EUR 250 000
- d) Indicative date for launching the selection procedure: 2017 Q3

Grant – Twinning – Call for proposal; Capacity development and awareness for the Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Free Access to Information (TWN 3)

a) Objectives and foreseen results:

Objective: To develop the capacity of the Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Free Access to Information

Result: The Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Dree Access to Information is better prepared to manage administrative silence cases and raise awareness about access to information rights.

- b) The maximum possible rate of EU financing may be up to 100% of the total cost of the action in accordance with Article 192 of Financial Regulation if full funding is essential for the action to be carried out. The necessity for full EU funding will be justified by the responsible authorising officer in the award decision, in respect of the principles of equal treatment and sound financial management.
- c) Indicative amount of Twinning contract: EUR 250 000
- d) Indicative date for launching the selection procedure: 2017 Q3

The essential selection and award criteria for Twinning and Twinning Light:

<u>The essential eligibility criteria</u>: applicants must be EU Member State administrations or mandated bodies.

The essential selection criterion is operational capacity of the applicant.

<u>The essential award criteria</u> are technical expertise of the applicant, and the relevance, methodology and sustainability of the proposed action.

The complementary activities with the purposes to *Support to upgrade the Single information system for the exchange of data among state registers (SISEDE)* and to *Support to the elaboration and implementation of a national rightsizing Plan* will be implemented by indirect management by the UNDP.

Entity entrusted with budget implementation tasks

UNDP has a long-term commitment with the Montenegrin authorities and the European Union Delegation to Montenegro in the area of public administration reform. It has a positive record of working specifically on the local level, in particular by developing a comprehensive functional review of the Human Resources function and management capacities in Montenegrin municipal administrations. Ongoing UNDP projects include a Local Governance programme supporting inter-municipal cooperation and local finance management and the creation of a government service bus for the exchange of data

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among state registers. The complementary actions foreseen under the present sector budget support programme would have a leverage effect on cooperation with the beneficiaries, would increase efficiency and reduce transaction costs. They would also benefit from the acquired know-how and the networks already established by the UNDP at local level.

A delegation agreement will ensure a complete alignment with the work already undertaken and strengthen complementarities and synergies among the activities implemented by the development partners in the sector.

Short description of the tasks entrusted to the entity

The UNDP, in close cooperation with the beneficiaries, will implement a functional review of the Human Resources of 25 local self-governments in order to align it to the process that will be carried out at central level. It will also be in charge of the follow up of the implementation of the optimisation plan at local level, of the elaboration of the personnel annual plans as well as the drafting of the strategic planning for the professional development and training of civil servants at local level.

Additionally, the UNDP will further develop the existing Government Service Bus (Single Information System) in order to connect 7 different state electronic registers (Central Population Register; Register of Business Entities; Register of Tax Payers; Register on Number of Children in Educational Institutions; Criminal Records; Employment Records and Cadastre).

The entrusted entity shall be responsible for carrying out all the tasks relating to the implementation of the action. In particular, the entrusted entity shall be responsible for running public procurements, concluding and managing the resulting contracts, implementation (including executing related payments), information and visibility. It will also be in charge of monitoring, reporting and evaluation thereof whenever relevant, in accordance with the principle of sound financial management, and for ensuring the legality and regularity of the expenditure incurred in the implementation of the programme.

3 BUDGET

3.1 Indicative budget table - Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017 - Part 2

	Indirect [Indirect Management with the IPA II beneficiary	ith the IPA II	beneficiary	Other	Other implementation arrangements	ı arrangemen	ts			
		where applicable	where applicable			where applicable	where applicable			Total	
		EU Contribution	IPA II beneficiary Co- financing	Total expenditure		EU Contribution	IPA II beneficiary Co- financing	Total expenditure	MM	programme	
	Sector 1				Sector 1 Democracy and Governance	15 000 000		15 000 000	Mixed	15 000 000	
Objective 1	Action				Action 4 – "EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro"	15 000 000		15 000 000	Direct, IM IO	15 000 000	
	TOTALS					15 000 000		15 000 000		15 000 000	



4 IMPLEMENTATION MODALITIES AND GENERAL RULES FOR PROCUREMENT AND GRANT AWARD PROCEDURES

DIRECT MANAGEMENT:

This programme shall be implemented by direct management by Union Delegation to Montenegro in accordance with article 58(1)(a) of the Financial Regulation and the corresponding provisions of its Rules of Application.

Procurement shall follow the provisions of Part Two, Title IV Chapter 3 of the Financial Regulation No 966/2012 and Part Two, Title II, Chapter 3 of its Rules of Application.

Grant award procedures shall follow the provisions of Part Two Title IV Chapter 4 of the Financial Regulation No 966/2012 and Part Two Title II Chapter 4 of its Rules of Application.

Under the Financial Regulation, Parts One and Three of the Financial Regulation and its Rules of Application shall apply to external actions except as otherwise provided in Part Two, Title IV.

The Commission may also use services and supplies under its Framework Contracts concluded following Part One of the Financial Regulation.

Twinning:

Twinning projects shall be set up in the form of a grant agreement, whereby the selected Member State administrations agree to provide the requested public sector expertise against the reimbursement of the expenses thus incurred.

The contract may in particular provide for the long-term secondment of an official assigned to provide full-time advice to the administration of the IPA II beneficiary as resident twinning advisor.

The twinning grant agreement shall be established in accordance with relevant provisions of Part Two Title IV Chapter 4 of the Financial Regulation and Part Two Title II Chapter 4 of its Rules of Application. Parts One and Three of the Financial Regulation and its Rules of Application shall apply to external actions except as otherwise provided in Part Two, Title IV.

INDIRECT MANAGEMENT:

Part of this programme shall be implemented by indirect management with entrusted entities other than the IPA II beneficiary in accordance with Article 58(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation and the corresponding provisions of its Rules of Application.

The general rules for procurement and grant award procedures shall be defined in the Financing Agreement and the relevant delegation agreements between the Commission and the entrusted entity implementing such action.

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5 PERFORMANCE MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS

As part of its performance measurement framework, the Commission shall monitor and assess progress towards achievement of the specific objectives set out in the IPA II Regulation on the basis of pre-defined, clear, transparent measurable indicators. The progress reports referred to in Article 4 of the IPA II Regulation shall be taken as a point of reference in the assessment of the results of IPA II assistance.

The Commission will collect performance data (process, output and outcome indicators) from all sources, which will be aggregated and analysed in terms of tracking the progress versus the targets and milestones established for each of the actions of this programme, as well as the Indicative Strategy Paper.

In the specific context of indirect management by IPA II beneficiaries, National IPA Coordinators (NIPACs) will collect information on the performance of the actions and programmes (process, output and outcome indicators) and coordinate the collection and production of indicators coming from national sources.

The overall progress will be monitored through the following means: a) Result Orientated Monitoring (ROM) system; b) IPA II Beneficiaries' own monitoring; c) self-monitoring performed by the EU Delegations; d) joint monitoring by DG Enlargement and the IPA II Beneficiaries, whereby the compliance, coherence, effectiveness, efficiency and coordination in implementation of financial assistance will be regularly monitored by an IPA II Monitoring committee, supported by Sectoral Monitoring committees, which will ensure a monitoring process at sector level.



INSTRUMENT FOR PRE-ACCESSION ASSISTANCE (IPA II) 2014-2020

ANNEX IA BUDGET SUPPORT

of the Financing Agreement the Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017 Part 2



Action Summary

The general objective of this Sector Budget Support The general objective of this Sector Budget Support programme is to contribute to sustainable growth and to improve competitiveness through the creation of a more transparent, efficient and service-oriented public administration in Montenegro. This will be done by supporting the implementation of the Public Administration Reform Strategy 2016-2020. The specific objectives are the optimization of the number of employees in the public administration, the enhancement of human resources management, the improvement of the quality and accessibility of public service delivery and a more effective right to free access to information. The objectives of the programme are strictly interlinked, which underlines the sectoral approach of this operation and implies an intense policy dialogue in the context of the EU accession process.

	Action Identification
Action Programme Title	Annual Action Programme for Montenegro for the year 2017 Part 2
Action Title	EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro
Action ID	IPA 2017/040-217.04/AAP Montenegro 2017 Part 2
	Sector Information
IPA II Sector	Democracy and governance
DAC Sector	15110 – public sector policy and administrative management
	Budget
Total cost	EUR 15 000 000
EU contribution	EUR 15 000 000
	Management and Implementation
Method of implementation	Direct Management (Sector Budget Support and Complementary activities, except no. 1 and 4)
	Indirect Management by Delegation Agreement (Complementary activities no. 1 and 4)
Direct management:	EU Delegation to Montenegro
EU Delegation	
Indirect management:	
National authority or other implementing body	United Nation Development Programme (Complementary activities 1, 4)
Implementation responsibilities	Ministry of Public Administration of Montenegro
	Location
Zone benefiting from the action	Montenegro
	Timeline
Final date for concluding Financing Agreement(s) with IPA II beneficiary	At the latest by 31 December 2018
Final date for concluding delegation agreements under indirect management	At the latest by 31 December 2018
Final date for concluding procurement and grant contracts	3 years following the date of conclusion of the Financing Agreement, with the exception of cases listed under Article 189(2) of the Financial Regulation
Final date for operational implementation	6 years following the conclusion of the Financing Agreement
Final date for implementing the Financing Agreement (date by which this	12 years following the conclusion of the Financing Agreement

programme should be de- committed and closed)			
Policy objectives / Marl	(ers (DAC form)		
General policy objective	Not targeted	Significant objective	Main objective
Participation development/good governance			\square
Aid to environment	\square		
Gender equality (including Women In Development)	\square		
Trade Development	\square		
Reproductive, Maternal, New born and child health	\square		
RIO Convention markers	Not	Significant	Main
	targeted	objective	objective
Biological diversity	\square		
Combat desertification	Ø		
Climate change mitigation	\square		
Climate change adaptation	\square		

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1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ACTION

1.1. Objectives/results

The general objective of this Sector Budget Support programme is to contribute to sustainable growth and to improve competitiveness through the creation of a more transparent, efficient and service-oriented public administration. This will be done by supporting the implementation of the Public Administration Reform Strategy 2016-2020.

According to the best practices, the programme will support a mix of actions both at policy level and with a clear impact on citizens' life, long-term reforms and quick-win reforms, in order to keep momentum and motivation in the implementation of the reform.

In this way, the programme specific objectives are:

- Optimization of the number of civil servants in the public administration
- Enhancement of human resources management
- Improvement of the quality and accessibility of public service delivery
- Improvement of the transparency of public services

The expected results of the action are:

1) public administration human resources are optimized in line with European Integration needs and state budget constraints 2) increased accuracy of data on number and career of civil servants 3) increased capacity to plan and manage new recruitment 4) improved capacity to manage civil servants professional development according to the needs of an efficient, service oriented and more transparent public administration 5) simplified and swifter public administrative procedures 6) improved access to public information.

The results will be measured by two SIGMA indicators ("Extend to which the institutional set-up enables consistent HRM practices across the public services" and "Extend to which the training system of public servants is in place and applied in practice") and by four PAR Strategy indicators ("Number of civil servants in central level state authorities and in local self-governments", "Percentage of institutions which apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations", "Percentage of key registers which are connected and which perform automatic data exchange" and "Number of complaints due to administrative silence"). Both results and indicators are in line with the PAR Action Plans and their choice underlines the coherence, ownership and the engagement of the authorities in the reform programme.

1.2. Main activities

1.2.1. Budget support

Main activities of the programme include:

- transfer of EUR 15 000 000 over the period 2018-2020
- continued political and policy dialogue with the Government with a particular focus on areas reflected in the programme's objectives;

¹ SIGMA 2016 Monitoring Methodology

- a continued effort to reinforce Government's capacities in the area of PFM in the context of existing complementary support programmes;
- continued dialogue between the EU Delegation and other donors to coordinate and further align development cooperation with a view to avoiding duplication of activities and relieving the Government of multiple reporting duties;
- regular monitoring of budget support eligibility criteria:
 - o monitoring achievement of the sector's priority objectives will be undertaken on the basis of annual progress reports and other EU or development partners' reviews, supported by regular briefings for, and discussions in, the relevant sector working group;
 - o monitoring macroeconomic developments will be performed in the context of the IMF missions and other relevant assessments;
 - o monitoring PFM eligibility will be done on the basis of the reviews of the government's PFM reform strategy and associated assessments or ad-hoc analysis from the IMF and other technical and financial partners, including sector specific analysis (e.g. through PETS and PERS);
 - o monitoring budget transparency will be undertaken through verifying public availability of appropriate documentation.

1.2.2. Complementary support

Complementary support aims to develop the beneficiaries' capacities to achieve the results and specific outcomes of the programme. The main recipients will be the Human Resources Management Authority, the Administrative Inspection Service, the E-government Directorate and the Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Free Access to Information. Technical assistance will be provided also to the Statistical Office of Montenegro (MONSTAT) in order to update the methodology for statistics according to EU regulations and to improve the quality of administrative data sources. Additional support will also be provided to the Ministry of Public Administration to manage external and internal communication, which is considered particularly sensitive and to the Ministry of European Affairs, in order to further reinforcing strategic planning as functional to the elaboration of credible medium term budgetary frameworks. This latter assistance will mitigate one of the identified PFM risks and will increase state budget credibility.

Complementary support is coordinated with other donors' activities and with SIGMA Action Plan, which in the period 2017-2018 will focus on: accountability of organizations with public powers, merit-based recruitment, policy development and coordination, elaboration of methodology for the optimization of the number of civil servants, internal financial control, public procurement, commitment management.

Additional assistance will be granted to civil society organisations with the aim to monitor the effective, transparent and accountable implementation of the public administration reform and to encourage inclusive policy making and participatory democracy.

An extensive use of TAIEX for short technical assistance, study visits and the organization of workshops will be encouraged.

1.3. Intervention logic

The programme focuses on the most challenging objectives of the strategy, notably the ones where the previous public administration reform (AURUM) did not achieve the expected results and which are of key importance in the enlargement perspective. The programme also reflects the will to improve the life of citizens in terms of service delivery and increased transparency. In both cases, policy dialogue plays a central role and represents the real added value of the European Commission intervention in this sector.

- Optimization of the number of civil servants in the public administration in line with state budget constraints and European integration challenges. This will imply the adoption and implementation of a National Rightsizing Plan and the redistribution and/or reduction of human resources according to the needs of the administration, including meeting the challenges of European integration. In this respect, the update and upgrade of the Central Personnel Records (HRMIS) and its link with the payroll registry will be an essential element, without which any efforts to develop the management and monitoring of public administration are not sustainable. In parallel, it will be necessary to ensure an independent oversight of public administration affairs by strengthening the administrative and technical capacities of the Administrative Inspection Service;
- Enhancement of human resources management, by giving particular attention to the capacity to plan and to manage new recruitments as well as to the capacity to manage civil servants' and other employees' professional development according to the needs of an efficient, service-oriented and more transparent public administration;
- Improvement of the quality and accessibility of public service delivery, with a reduction or simplification of administrative procedures for citizens and business operators. In this respect, the establishment of interoperability among key electronic state registers will be the basis for any further improvement in the provision of services;
- Improvement of the transparency of public services by making the exercise of the right to free access to information more effective, by reducing the number of complaints, in particular for "administrative silence", and by decreasing the number of decisions on information requests annulled by the Administrative Court.

The specific objectives are strictly interlinked, which underlines the sectoral approach of this budget support operation. They are also complementary to the interventions of other donors and will have a structural impact on the Montenegrin public administration system. Moreover, they have been selected in order to ensure sustainability of the results and a positive effect on fiscal consolidation.

2. IMPLEMENTATION

2.1. Rationale for the amounts allocated to budget support

The amount allocated for budget support component is EUR 12 000 000, and for complementary support is EUR 3 000 000. These amounts are based on the estimated cost of the PAR Strategy (please see paragraph on "Sector Budget Support Readiness – Public Policy) and of the human resources directly engaged in the implementation of the reform.

Complementary support will be implemented via direct management and indirect management with an International Organisation for complementary activities 1 and 4. This will allow the EU to ensure control on the timing of the assistance and, as a consequence, on the achievement of the results under the budget support component.

2.2. Criteria for disbursement of budget support

- a) The general conditions for disbursement of all tranches are as follows:
 - Satisfactory progress in the implementation of the Public Administration Reform Strategy and continued credibility and relevance thereof;
 - Implementation of a credible stability-oriented macroeconomic policy;
 - Satisfactory progress in the implementation of the multiannual Public Finance Management Reform Programme (2016-2020);
 - Satisfactory progress with regard to the public availability of timely, comprehensive and sound budgetary information.
- b) The specific conditions for disbursement that may be used for variable tranches are the following:

The specific conditions for disbursement that may be used for variable tranches are the following:

- Extent to which the institutional set-up enables consistent human resource management practices across the public service;
- Number of civil servants in central level state authorities (incl. organizations with public powers) and in local self-government units (incl. public services);
- Percentage of institutions which apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations;
- Extent to which the training system of public servants is in place and applied in practice;
- Percentage of key registers which are connected and which perform automatic data exchange;
- Number of complaints due to administrative silence.

The chosen performance targets and indicators to be used for disbursements will apply for the duration of the programme. However, in duly justified circumstances, the National IPA Coordinator may submit a request to the Commission for the targets and indicators to be changed. The changes agreed to the targets and indicators may be authorised by exchange of letters between the two parties.

In case of a significant deterioration of fundamental values, budget support disbursements may be formally suspended, temporarily suspended, reduced or cancelled, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the financing agreement.

2.3. Budget support details

Budget support is provided as direct untargeted budget support to the national Treasury. It will be structured in one fixed tranche (4 000 000 EUR) in 2018, upon the signature of the Financing Agreement, and two variable tranches (4 000 000 EUR each) in 2019 and 2020, following the fulfilment of the specific conditions.

The payment of a fixed tranche in the first year is justified by the proven country's commitment to public administration reform and by the intention to facilitate Montenegro's budgetary planning. This will also allow for a reasonable amount of time between the agreement on the indicator targets and their evaluation. Two variable tranches, respectively during the second and third year, will keep the focus of the beneficiaries on achieving the agreed specific objectives and will encourage policy dialogue.

The crediting of the euro transfers disbursed into EURO will be undertaken at the appropriate exchange rates in line with the relevant provisions of the Financing Agreement.

2.4. Organisational set-up and responsibilities

The newly created **Ministry of Public Administration** has been officially designated as the institution in charge of the reform of public administration, while the primary responsibility for the achievement of the objectives stays with the lead entities identified in the PAR Strategy. Within the Ministry, the Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration is in charge of managing, monitoring and reporting on the implementation of the strategy.

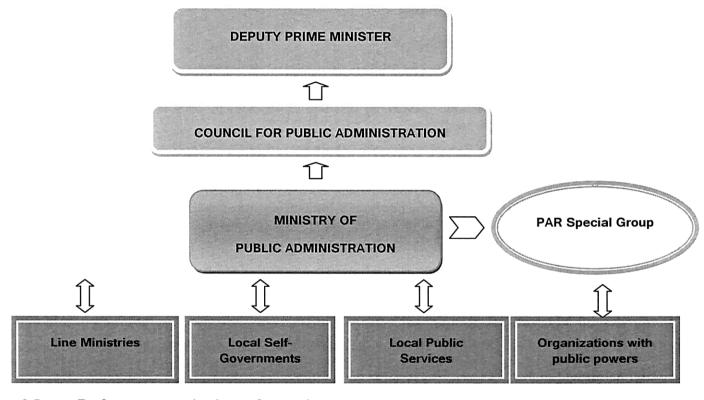
The Council for Public Administration Reform is in charge of the coordination of the reform. It is composed by the representatives of the key implementing institutions of the public administration reform, the Ministry of Public Administration, the Ministry of Finance, the Ministry of European Affairs, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, as well as the Union of Municipalities, the Chamber of Economy, the Trade Unions and the civil society. Representatives of relevant institutions (the Parliamentary Committee on Political system, Administration and Judiciary, the State Audit Institution and the Ombudsman) will be invited to participate as observers when relevant issues will be discussed. The EU will participate as observer. The Council meets at least twice a year and it is chaired by the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of political system, foreign and interior policy.

Operational policy dialogue meetings with the representatives of the EU will be organized regularly during the implementation of the Strategy. Strategic dialogue meetings shall be organized ad hoc for the discussion of particular aspects of the reform and shall be led by the EU Delegation and/or by DG NEAR according to the agenda of discussions. High-level policy dialogue is organized in the framework of the EU-Montenegro PAR Special Group, which meets once a year at ministerial level.

During the implementation phase, policy dialogue will focus on the following issues:

- Progress in the achievement of the reform objectives, including PFM, timing, difficulties in the implementation, coordination of the reform;
- Progress in the implementation of the Fiscal Consolidation Plan;
- Complementary assistance;
- Follow up of those PAR activities which are not covered by the programme but which are critical for its implementation (i.e. merit-based recruitments, performance appraisal reform, enforcement of the Law on Salaries of Civil Servants and State Employees and of the Law on General Administrative Procedures, accountability of organizations with public powers);
- Institutional capacities of the Ministry of Public Administration;
- External risks which may affect the implementation of the reform;
- Cross-cutting issues;
- Donor coordination.

Minutes of the meetings will be kept by the Delegation to document policy dialogue. A dashboard summarizing the progress on key issues at technical, strategic and political level will be regularly updated and shared between the EU Delegation and DG NEAR.



2.5. Performance monitoring and reporting

The day-to-day technical and financial monitoring of the implementation of this action will be a continuous process and part of the implementing partner's responsibilities. To this aim, the implementing partner shall establish a permanent internal, technical and financial monitoring system for the action and elaborate regular progress reports (not less than annual) and final reports. Every report shall provide an accurate account of implementation of the action, difficulties encountered, changes introduced, as well as the degree of achievement of its results (outputs and direct outcomes) as measured by corresponding indicators, using as reference the list of result indicators. The report shall be laid out in such a way as to allow monitoring of the means envisaged and employed and of the budget details for the action. The final report, narrative and financial, will cover the entire period of the action implementation.

The Ministry of Public Administration will be responsible for monitoring and reporting on the implementation of the reform on the basis of the existing PAR Performance Assessment

Framework. Six-monthly reports will be submitted to the Council for the Public Administration Reform. Once a year, in cooperation with all responsible institutions, annual implementation reports will be submitted for approval to the Government by the end of the first quarter of the current year for the previous year.

The annual report shall provide an accurate account of implementation of the PAR Strategy, difficulties encountered, changes introduced, as well as the degree of achievement of its results (outputs and direct outcomes) as measured by corresponding indicators, using as reference the list of result indicators. An updated action plan will be attached to the report, as well as a description of the visibility actions realized, in accordance with the visibility plan.

The reports will be published to allow for public scrutiny.

Reviews will be organized in spring each year, after the approval by the Government of the PAR Annual Implementation Report, on the results of the previous year. They will take in due account SIGMA baseline assessments and the results of additional monitoring visits organized by the EU staff or through independent consultants recruited directly by the Commission. The results of the reviews will be used as a basis to assess the achievement of disbursement conditions.

The Commission may undertake additional project monitoring visits both through its own staff and through independent consultants recruited directly by the Commission for independent monitoring reviews (or recruited by the responsible agent contracted by the Commission for implementing such reviews).

2.6. Evaluation and audit

Evaluations of the budget support component should be aligned with similar exercises of other budget support providers for accountability and learning purposes at various levels (including for policy revision) and carried out via independent consultants.

For complementary support, the Commission may also carry out external evaluations, as follows:

- (a) a mid-term evaluation mission;
- (b) a final evaluation, at the beginning of the closing phase;
- (c) an ex-post evaluation.

Audits for complementary support actions will depend on the nature of the action:

Without prejudice to the obligations applicable to contracts concluded for the implementation of this action, the Commission may, on the basis of a risk assessment, contract independent audits or expenditure verification assignments for one or several contracts or agreements.

The Commission shall inform the implementing partner at least 2 months in advance of the dates foreseen for the evaluation missions. The implementing partner shall collaborate efficiently and effectively with the evaluation experts, and inter alia provide them with all necessary information and documentation, as well as access to the project premises and activities.

The evaluation/audit reports shall be shared with the partner country and other key stakeholders. The implementing partner and the Commission shall analyse the conclusions and recommendations of the evaluations and, where appropriate, in agreement with the partner country, jointly decide on the follow-up actions to be taken and any adjustments necessary, including, if indicated, the reorientation of the project.

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The financing of the evaluation actions shall be covered by another measure.

APPENDIX 1: INDICATIVE SELECTION OF RESULT INDICATORS

The inputs, the expected direct and induced outputs and all the indicators, targets and baselines included in the list of result indicators are indicative and may be updated during the implementation of the action without an amendment to the financing decision. The table with the indicative list of result indicators will evolve during the lifetime of the action: new columns will be added for intermediary targets (milestones), when it is relevant and for reporting purpose on the achievement of results as measured by indicators.¹

	Intervention logic	Indicators	Baselines (2015)	Target 2018	Final Target	Sources and means of verification
			Percentile rank (0 to 100 best)	Percentile rank (0 to 100)	Percentile rank (0 to 100)	
ive: Impact	1.To contribute to sustainable growth and to	Composite indicator Government effectiveness (WB), and Regulatory Quality (WB)	Government effectiveness: 60.10 (Croatia: 71.63)	Government effectiveness: 62.00	Government effectiveness: 65.00	World Wide Governance Indicators Report (WB)
erall object	improve competitiveness through a more transparent, efficient and service-oriented public administration		Regulatory quality: 60.10 (Croatia: 64.90)	Regulatory quality: 62.00	Regulatory quality: 65.00	
vO		Global Competitiveness Index (Public Sector Performance)	Percentile rank (0 best to 138) 69/138	68/138	66/138	Global Competitiveness Report (WEF)
specific s) sylving solution of solution o	1. To optimize the number of civil servants in the public administration in line with state budget constraints and European integration challenges.	Extend to which the institutional set-up enables consistent HRM practices across the public service**	3/5 (2017)		5	Primary: PAR Annual

It is recommended to use sex-disaggregated data when available.

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				T	3. T. of p	4. T serv to fr	naani	High level Ind
				 To enhance human resources management 	3. To improve the quality and accessibility of public service delivery	4. To improve the transparency of public services by making the exercise of the right to free access to information more effective		1. Human resources in the Public administration optimized according to the identified needs
No. of civil servants in state authorities (including org. with	public services)*	Ratio of annual wage bill to current expenditures	Extent to which the training system of public servants is in place and applied in practice**	Percentage of institutions which apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations*	No. of one-stop-shops that provide services for more than three different public institutions**	Share of public information requests refused by the public authorities**	1.1 Degree of implementation of the National rightsizing plan	1.2 Percentage of corrective measures of the Administrative Inspection Service implemented out of the total number of recommendations.
39 306 (2017)	12 174 (2017)	27%	4/5 (2017)	30%	1	24% (2014)	%0	0% (2014)
-3%	-5%	25%		20%	2	20%	50%	40%
%5-	-10%	23%	5	%56	3	15%	100%	%08
Monitoring Report Secondary:	SIGMA Baseline Assessment and	monitoring reports Budget Execution Reports	NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy					

IPA II Financing Agreement Annual Action Programmes - Annex IA v.1.1

2.1 Human resources recruited according to public administration priorities.	2.1 Percentage of recruitments in state authorities and public agencies compared to the Annual Personnel Plan	0% (2014)	20%	%56	Primary: PAR Annual
2.2 Civil servants and employees professional development planned according to public administration needs	2.2. Degree of implementation of the Strategic Planning for the Professional Development and Training of Public Servants	0% (2014)	40%	%08	Monitoring Report Secondary: SIGMA Baseline
3. Simplified and swifter public administrative procedures (easier exchange of data)	3. Percentage of key registers which are connected and which perform automatic data exchange*	%0	%08	100%	Assessment and monitoring reports HRMA Annual Report
	4.1 Number of complaints due to "administrative silence"*	950 (2017)	- 5%	- 10%	NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy
4. Improved access to public information	4.2 Share of Agency's decisions on information requests annulled by the Administrative Court*	64,22% (2014)	%09	20%	



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1.1 Administrative capacity in the public administration optimized	1.1 National rightsizing plan adopted st	No national rightsizing plan	National rightsizing methodology adopted	National rightsizing plan implemented	
1.2 Increased accuracy of data on number and career of public civil servants and employees	1.2.1 Central personnel record (CPR) consolidated and connected with the salaries records of the MoF*	CPR not updated and not linked to the salary registry	CPR updated and linked to the salary registry	CPR kept updated, oversight ensured, HRMA regularly	
	1.2.2 No. of investigations launched by the Administrative Inspectorate	0 (2014)	20	30	Primary: PAR Annual
2.1 Increased capacity to plan and manage new recruitments	2.1 Annual Personnel Plan mandatory for all state authorities, public agencies and local self-government authorities*	Annual Personnel Plan not mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Monitoring Report Secondary: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports
2.2 Improved capacity to manage civil servants' and other employees' professional development according to the needs of an efficient, service-oriented and more transparent public administration	2.2 Strategic Planning for the Professional Development and Training of Public Servants adopted*	No strategic planning	Strategic Planning adopted	Strategic Planning implemented	NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy
3. Interoperability among key electronic state registers established and availability of data from registers to users assured	3. Single information system for the exchange of data among state registers (SISEDE) established*	SISEDE does not exist	Single information system established	Single information system fully operational	
4. Law on free access to information properly	4.1 Share of civil servants directly engaged in free access to information who received training in the last year	0% (2014)	%01	30%	
implemented	4.2 Share of public authorities maintaining websites in line with regulatory requirements*	0% (2014)	40%	70%	

Lower level Induced outputs

IPA II Financing Agreement Annual Action Programmes - Annex IA v.1.1

3					
0					
4.3 No. of citizens' awareness campaigns launched	• Transfer of 12 MEUR to the beneficiary country state budget (fiscal years 2018, 2019, 2020)	Continued political and policy dialogue with the Government in the area of public administration reform	• Targeted technical assistance provided to the main implementing institutions	• Comprehensive medium-term Fiscal Strategy adopted, including the completion of consolidation measures for the correction of the budget deficit and public debt	
	Increased share of external assistance funds made available through the national budget.	Better coordinated policy dialogue and conducive to the implementation of the PAR Strategy	Improvement of human resources capacities for the achievement of PAR specific objectives	Improved macroeconomic and budget management	



LIST OF ANNEXES

- 1. Performance indicators used for disbursements
- 2. Disbursement arrangements and timetable
- 3. Complementary activities

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ANNEX 1: Performance indicators used for disbursements

Extent to which the institutional set-up enables consistent HRM practices across the public service Indicator 1:

Optimization of the number of civil servants in the public administration Public Administration Reform Strategy Programme: Objective:

Human Resources Management for the purpose of public sector employees optimization

Human Resources Management Authority and Ministry of Finance Department responsible:

Description of the Indicator

Action:

Quality (impact) indicator Indicator type:

Yearly Periodicity of measurement: Measurement unit:

(last three years if available) Last known result:

3/5

Development and quality of the indicator

SIGMA baseline assessment and monitoring reports Method of data collection:

Departments responsible for collection: Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration, Ministry of Public Administration

SIGMA 2016 monitoring methodology Method of calculation:

Means of interpretation Known limits and bias:

The Central Personnel Record (CPR) does not contain the data of organizations with public powers and of institutions at local level (self-

government units, public services, public enterprises) Only the data in the CPR (117 state institutions) are considered in the calculation Means of interpretation:

Documentation schedule

In March each year on the results of the previous year

Delivery date:

Number of civil servants in central level state authorities (incl. organizations with public powers) and in local self-government Indicator 2:

Public Administration Reform Strategy units (incl. public services)

Programme:

Objective:

Optimization of the number of civil servants in the public administration

Human Resources Management for the purpose of public sector employees' optimization Action:

Human Resources Management Authority, local self-government units Department responsible:

Description of the Indicator

Ouantitative indicator Indicator type:

Measurement unit: Percentage
Periodicity of measurement: Yearly

39 306 employees at central level, including organizations with public powers 12 174 in local self-government units and local public services Last known result:

(last three years if available):

Development and quality of the indicator

Method of data collection: PAR Annual Monitoring Report

Departments responsible for collection: Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration, Ministry of Public Administration

Method of calculation: N/A

Means of interpretation

It includes organizations with public powers as well as local self-government units, local public services and local public enterprises. Known limits and bias:

All staff is included (CPR and separate databases for organizations with public powers, local self-government units, local public services, Means of interpretation:

and local public enterprises).

Documentation schedule

Delivery date:

In March each year on the results of the previous year

Percentage of institutions which apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations Indicator 3:

Programme: Public Administration Reform Strategy

Objective: Action:

Enhancement of human resources management

Human Resources Management for the purpose of public sector employees' optimization

Department responsible: Human Resources Management Authority

Description of the Indicator

Indicator type: Quantitative indicator

Measurement unit: Percentage

Periodicity of measurement: Yearly
Last known result: 2017

30 %

(last three years if available):

Development and quality of the indicator

Method of data collection: PAR Annual Monitoring Report

Departments responsible for collection: Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration, Ministry of Public Administration

Method of calculation: N/A

Means of interpretation

Means

Known limits and bias:	According to the existing regulations, it refers only to central level institutions (without organization with public powers). After the approval of the new Law on Local Self-Governments, it will also involve local self-government units (incl. local public services). The accomplishment of this indicator implies the approval of the new Law on Civil Servants and State Employees (LCSSE) and the new Law on Local Self-Governments (and bylaws related to personnel planning), which make compulsory not only the adoption but also the implementation of personnel plans
Means of interpretation:	Local self-government units (incl. local public services and local public enterprises) will be considered in the calculation only after the approval of the new Law on Local Self-Government.
Documentation schedule Delivery date:	In March each year on the results of the previous year

Indicator 4: Programme: Objective:	Extent to which the training system of public Public Administration Reform Strategy Enhancement of human resources management	which the training system of public servants is in place and applied in practice ministration Reform Strategy
Action:	Human Resources Manag	Human Resources Management for the purpose of public sector employees optimization
Department responsible:	Human Resources Management Authority	gement Authority
Description of the Indicator		
Indicator type:	Qualitative indicator	
Measurement unit:	5/5	
Periodicity of measurement:	Yearly	
Last known result:	2017 4/5	

Development and quality of the indicator Method of data collection: SIGMA Base

(last three years if available):

Method of data collection: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports

Departments responsible for collection: Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration, Ministry of Public Administration

Method of calculation: SIGMA 2016 monitoring methodology

Means of interpretation

approval of the new Law on Local Self-Government, it will also involve local self-government units (incl. local public services). The According to the existing regulations, it refers only to central level institutions (without organization with public powers). After the accomplishment of this indicator implies the approval of the new Law on Civil Servants and State Employees (LCSSE), and the new Law on Local Self-Governments (and bylaws related to personnel planning), which make compulsory not only the adoption but also the implementation of training plans Known limits and bias:

Local self-government units (incl. local public services and local public enterprises) will be considered only after the approval of the new Law on Local Self-Government, the calculation. Means of interpretation:

Documentation schedule

Delivery date:

In March each year on the results of the previous year

Percentage of key registers which are connected and which perform automatic data exchange Public Administration Reform Strategy Indicator 5: Programme:

Improvement of public service delivery Objective:

E-Government Action:

Directorate for E-Government and IT security Department responsible:

Quantitative indicator Description of the Indicator Indicator type:

%0 Percentage Yearly Periodicity of measurement: Measurement unit:

Last known result:

(last three years if available):

Development and quality of the indicator

PAR Annual Monitoring Report Method of data collection:

Departments responsible for collection: Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration, Ministry of Public Administration

N/A Method of calculation:

Means of interpretation

It refers to the following registers: Central population register, register of business entities, register of tax payers, Ministry of Education Known limits and bias:

register on number of children in educational institutions, criminal records, employment records and cadastre

All the above mentioned registers are considered in the calculation Means of interpretation:

Documentation schedule

Delivery date:

In March each year on the results of the previous year

Number of complaints due to "administrative silence" Public Administration Reform Strategy Indicator 6: Programme:

A more effective right to free access to information Right to free access to information

Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Free Access to Information Department responsible:

Objective: Action: Mer

Description of the Indicator

Quantitative indicator Indicator type:

Percentage Measurement unit:

950 complaints Yearly Periodicity of measurement: Last known result:

(last three years if available):

Development and quality of the indicator

PAR Annual Monitoring Report Method of data collection:

Departments responsible for collection: Department for Managing the Process of Public Administration, Ministry of Public Administration

Method of calculation:

Means of interpretation

The Agency for the Protection of Personal Data depends on the data provided by all parties (central level institutions and local self-Known limits and bias:

governments) involved in the implementation of the Law on Free Access to Information

The Agency for the Protection of Personal Data and Free Access to Information is the ultimate responsible for the data provided. Means of interpretation:

Documentation schedule

In March each year on the results of the previous year Delivery date:

ANNEX 2: Disbursement arrangements and timetable

This appendix covers the following four main areas according to the country/intervention sector context: (1) responsibilities; (2) the indicative disbursement timetable; (3) the general conditions for each disbursement tranche; (4) the specific conditions for each disbursement tranche.

1. Responsibilities

On the basis of the disbursement conditions stipulated in the Financing Agreement, the National Authorising Officer will send a formal request to the European Commission for the disbursement of each tranche in accordance with the timetable specified in Table A below. The request must include: (i) a full analysis and justification for payment of the funds, with the required supporting documents attached; (ii) a financial information form, duly signed, to facilitate the corresponding payment.

2. Indicative disbursement timetable

An indicative timetable is given below:

Table A: Indicative disbursement timetable

Country fiscal year		2018	81			2019	61			2020	20	
Type of tranche	Q1	Q1 Q2 Q3	63	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q 4	Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	Q2	63	Total
Fixed tranche		4 M€										4 M€
Variable tranche						4 M€				4 M€		8 M€
Total		4 M€				4 M€				4 M€		12 M€

3. General conditions for the disbursement of each tranche

The general conditions set out below for the disbursement of each tranche shall apply to the disbursement of all tranches and all tranche release requests must be accompanied by all appropriate information and documents.

Table B: General conditions for the release of tranches

Area	Conditions	Verification source
Public Policy	Satisfactory progress in the implementation of the Public Administration Reform Strategy 2016-2020 and continued credibility and relevance of that or any successor strategy.	Fixed tranche, variable tranche I, variable tranche II: Primary: PAR Annual Monitoring reports; Secondary: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports; Reports of non-governmental organizations
Macroeconomic stability	Implementation of a credible stability-oriented macroeconomic policy.	Fixed tranche, variable tranche I, variable tranche II: Primary: Economic Reform Programme of Montenegro (ERP); Secondary: EC DG ECFIN Assessments; IMF Art. IV Assessments.
Public financial management	Satisfactory progress in the implementation of the programme to improve public financial management	Fixed tranche, variable tranche I, variable tranche II: Primary: PFM Annual Monitoring Report; Secondary: PAR Special Group Reports; SIGMA Baseline Assessment on Public finance Management; IMF Art. IV Assessments.
Budget Transparency	Satisfactory progress with regard to the public availability of accessible, timely, comprehensive, and sound budgetary information.	Fixed tranche, variable tranche I, variable tranche II: Primary: PFM Annual Monitoring Report; Secondary: PAR Special Group Reports; PEFA Framework: Open Budget Survey (International Budget Partnership)

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4. Specific conditions for the disbursement of tranches

The specific conditions for the disbursement set out in Table C and D shall apply to the disbursement of variable tranches. Tranche release requests must be accompanied by all appropriate information and documents on the specific conditions.

Table C: Specific conditions for the release of tranches

Tranche	Amount	Indicative date of the disbursement request (month/year)	Indicative disbursement date (month/year)	Conditions/criteria/ activities for disbursement	Verification source including timing or data availability (where applicable)
First variable tranche	4 M€	February 2019	April 2019	Variable tranche indicators detailed in table D	Performance Assessment Framework (PAF) reports, SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports, NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy
Second variable tranche	4 M€	February 2020	April 2020	Variable tranche indicators detailed in table D	Performance Assessment Framework (PAF) reports, SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports, NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy

The disbursement conditions for the variable tranche are set for the first year and may be amended.

5. Variable tranche calculation

Each indicator will be scored 0, 0.5 or 1 depending on whether there was (i) no or insignificant progress, (ii) significant but partial progress, or (iii) target met. The variable tranche disbursement will be calculated by summarizing the scores of the six indicators.

Indicators as per Table D	Weight	Year 2 maximum amount EUR	Year 3 maximum amount EUR
1. Extent to which the institutional set-up enables consistent HRM practices across the public service	15%	600,000	000,000
2. Number of civil servants in central level state authorities (incl. organizations with public powers) and in local self-government units (incl. public services)	25%	1,000,000	1,000,000
3. Percentage of institutions which apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations	15%	600,000	000,000
4. Extent to which the training system of public servants is in place 25% and applied in practice	25%	1,000,000	1,000,000
5. Number of key registers which are connected and which perform automatic data exchange	10%	400,000	400,000
6. Number of complaints due to "administrative silence"	10%	400,000	400,000
Total	100%	4,000,000	4,000,000



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Table D: Variable Tranche

Indicators aligned with the PAR Performance Monitoring Framework are marked with *. Indicators aligned with SIGMA Baseline Assessment are marked with **.

Sector Reform Contract "El	Sector Reform Contract "EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro"	
First Variable Instalment	Second Variable Instalment Weight	
Achievement: by December 2018	Achievement: by December 2019	
Assessment: by March 2019	Assessment: by March 2020	
1 - Indicator: Extent to which the institutional set-up enables consistent HRM practices across the public service**	consistent HRM practices across the public service**	
Target	<u>Target</u>	
The Central Personnel Record is updated and upgraded and regularly cross-checked with the salary registry	The Central Personnel Record is effectively linked to the payroll system, independent oversight is ensured, HRMA regularly monitors, evaluates and reports on the state of affairs in the public service (score 5/5 according to SIGMA 2016 monitoring methodology)	
Baseline (2017)		
The institutional set-up is in place, but there are challenges in the is not updated and not linked to the salary registry; oversight o implementation of recommendations, HRMA does not report reto 2016 SIGMA monitoring methodology)	The institutional set-up is in place, but there are challenges in the implementation: the Central Personnel Record (CPR) has limitations, it is not updated and not linked to the salary registry; oversight of civil service is weakened by the lack of human resources and limited implementation of recommendations, HRMA does not report regularly on the state of affairs in the public service (Score 3/5 according to 2016 SIGMA monitoring methodology)	%
Source of verification:	Source of verification:	
Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report	Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report	
Secondary: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports; NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy	Secondary: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports; NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy	
2 – Indicator: Number of civil servants in central level state public services) *	level state authorities (incl. organizations with public powers) and in local self-government units (incl.	units (incl.
Target	Target	
Minus 3% of the total number of employees at the central level (incl. public agencies) compared to the baseline	Minus 5% of the total number of employees at the central level (incl. public agencies) compared to the baseline	%
Minus 5% employees in local self-government units (incl. public services) compared to the baseline	Minus 10% employees in local self-government units (incl. public services) compared to the baseline	

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Sector Reform Contract "	ntract "EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro"	
First Variable Instalment	Second Variable Instalment	Weight
Achievement: by December 2018	Achievement: by December 2019	
Assessment: by March 2019	Assessment: by March 2020	
Baseline (2017):		
39 306 employees in central level institutions, including organizations with public powers.	zations with public powers.	
12 174 employees in local self-government units, local public	public services and public enterprises established by local self-government units.	
Source of verification:	Source of verification:	
Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report and data extracted from the CPR and separate databases for local self-government units, local public services/enterprises and organizations with public powers.	Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report and data extracted from the CPR and separate databases for local self-government units, local public services/enterprises and organizations with public powers.	
Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	
3 - Indicator: Percentage of institutions which apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations*	nnel plans in accordance with regulations*	
Target	Target	
50% of institutions apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations, covering at least 50% of involved civil servants.	95% of institutions apply personnel plans in accordance with regulations, covering 95% of involved civil servants.	
Baseline (2017):		
30% of institutions		15%
Source of verification:	Source of verification:	
Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report, Personnel Plans.	Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report, Personnel Plans.	
Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	
4 - Indicator: Extent to which the training system of public servants is in place and applied in practice**	servants is in place and applied in practice**	
Target	Target	
A Strategic Planning for the Professional Development and Training of Public Servants is adopted for all state and local self-government authorities, in line with human resources planning, assessment and rewarding.	Training as a duty and right of public servants is established; Training needs assessment is carried out regularly; training plans for public servants are developed; the implementation of training plans is being monitored and evaluated (score 5 according to SIGMA 2016	25%

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Sector Reform Contract "I	Sector Reform Contract "EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro"	
First Variable Instalment	Second Variable Instalment	Weight
Achievement: by December 2018	Achievement: by December 2019	
Assessment: by March 2019	Assessment: by March 2020	
	monitoring methodology).	
<u>Baseline (2017):</u>		
Training is not strategically planned in line with human reso participants in trainings, especially at managerial level; no evi 2016 monitoring methodology)	Training is not strategically planned in line with human resources planning, needs, assessment and rewarding; decreasing number of participants in trainings, especially at managerial level; no evaluation of impact of training programmes (score 4 according to SIGMA 2016 monitoring methodology)	
Source of verification:	Source of verification:	
Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report	Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report	
Secondary: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports; NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	Secondary: SIGMA Baseline Assessment and monitoring reports; NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	
5 - Indicator: Number of key registers which are connected and which perform automatic data exchange*	and which perform automatic data exchange*	
Target	<u>Target</u>	
Single Information System established with 4 out of 7 registers interconnected for exchange of data	7 out of 7 registers interconnected for exchange of data	
Baseline 2017:		
0% - Key electronic registers (Central population register, re register on number of children in educational institutions, crimi no Single Information System for the exchange of data.	0% - Key electronic registers (Central population register, register of business entities, register of tax payers, Ministry of Education register on number of children in educational institutions, criminal records, employment records and cadastre) are established but there is no Single Information System for the exchange of data.	10%
Source of verification:	Source of verification:	
Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report	Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report.	
Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	
6 - Indicator: Number of complaints due to "administrative	nistrative silence"*	
Target	Target	1000
Minus 5% compared to the baseline	Minus 10% compared to 2018	10%

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Sector Reform Contract "El	Sector Reform Contract "EU Support to Public Administration Reform in Montenegro"	
First Variable Instalment	Second Variable Instalment	Weight
Achievement: by December 2018	Achievement: by December 2019	
Assessment: by March 2019	Assessment: by March 2020	
Baseline (2017):		
950		
Source of verification:	Source of verification:	
Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report, Complaints.	Report, Primary: Public Administration Reform Annual Report, Complaints. Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.	
Secondary: NGOs reports on the implementation of the PAR Strategy.		

ANNEX 3: Complementary activities: indicative budget breakdown and planning for contracting procedures

	BUDG	BUDGET (€)	TIME	TIMELINE ³
IMPLEMENTATION MODALITIES *	Total	EU contribution	Launch of procedure	Contract signature ⁴
Procurement				
Service contracts – Minimum of 4 contracts	1 000 000	1 000 000	Q3 2017	Q2 2018
GRANTS				
Call for proposals (1 contract)	20 000	20 000	Q3 2017	Q2 2018
Twinning				
Maximum 3 twinning contracts	1 000 000	1 000 000	Q3 2017	Q2 2018
Отнек				
Indirect management with and IO	950 000	950 000	Q3 2017	Q1 2018
TOTAL		3 000 000		

^{*} All contracts may be launched with a suspensive clause on Q4 2017.

³ Timeline: QUARTER (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4) YEAR
⁴ Contract Signature date: if relevant; i.e. for Direct Grants mainly

ANNEX II - GENERAL CONDITIONS

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Part One: Provisions Applicable to Activities for which the IPA II beneficiary is the Contracting Authority

Article 1 - General principles

Financing Agreement.

- (1) The purpose of Part One is to lay out the rules for implementing the entrusted budget-implementation tasks as described in Annex I and to define rights and obligations of the IPA II beneficiary and the Commission respectively in carrying out these tasks.
 - Part One shall apply to the budget-implementation tasks entrusted to the IPA II beneficiary related to the Union contribution alone, or combined with funds of the IPA II beneficiary or funds of a third party, in case such funds are implemented in joint co-financing, i.e. where they are pooled.
- (2) The IPA II beneficiary shall remain responsible for the fulfillment of the obligations stipulated in this Financing Agreement and in the Framework Agreement, even if it sub-delegates to other entities identified in Annex I to carry out certain entrusted budget implementation tasks. The Commission, in particular, reserves the right to suspend payments, and to suspend and/or terminate this Financing Agreement on the basis of the acts, omissions and/or situations of any designated entity.
- (3) The tasks referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be carried out by the IPA II beneficiary in accordance with the procedures and standard documents laid down and published by the Commission for the award of procurement and grant contracts in external actions, in force at the time of the launch of the procedure in question (PRAG), as well as in accordance with the required visibility and communication standards referred to in Article 2(2).
 The IPA II beneficiary shall conduct the procurement and grant award procedures, conclude the resulting contracts, and ensure that all relevant documents for audit trail are in the language of this
- (4) The IPA II beneficiary shall respect the minimum rate of its contribution specified in Annex I. In case of contributions from both the IPA II beneficiary and the Union, the IPA II beneficiary contribution shall be made available at the same time as the corresponding contribution from the Union.
- (5) The IPA II beneficiary shall keep all relevant financial and contractual supporting documents from the date of the entry into force of this Financing Agreement or as from an earlier date in case if the procurement procedure, call for proposals or direct grant award procedure was launched prior to the entry into force of this Financing Agreement:
 - (a) For procurement procedures in particular:
 - a) Forecast notice with proof of publication of the procurement notice and any corrigenda;
 - b) Appointment of shortlist panel;
 - c) Shortlist report (incl. annexes) and applications;
 - d) Proof of publication of the shortlist notice;
 - e) Letters to non-shortlisted candidates;
 - f) Invitation to tender or equivalent;
 - g) Tender dossier including annexes, clarifications, minutes of the meetings, proof of publication;

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- h) Appointment of the evaluation committee;
- i) Tender opening report, including annexes;
- j) Evaluation / negotiation report, including annexes and bids received; 1
- k) Notification letter;
- 1) Cover letter for submission of contract;
- m) Letters to unsuccessful candidates;
- n) Award / cancellation notice, including proof of publication;
- o) Signed contracts, amendments, riders, implementation reports, and relevant correspondence.
- (b) For calls for proposals and direct award of grants in particular:
 - a) Appointment of the evaluation committee;
 - b) Opening and administrative report including annexes and applications received;²
 - c) Letters to successful and unsuccessful applicants following concept note evaluation;
 - d) Concept note evaluation report;
 - e) Evaluation report of the full application or negotiation report with relevant annexes;
 - f) Eligibility check and supporting documents;
 - g) Letters to successful and unsuccessful applicants with approved reserve list following full application evaluation;
 - h) Cover letter for submission of grant contract;
 - i) Award/cancellation notice with proof of publication;
 - j) Signed contracts, amendments, riders and relevant correspondence.

In addition, financial and contractual documents referred to in paragraph 5(a) and (b) of this Article shall be complemented by all relevant supporting documents as required by the procedures referred to in section 3 of this Article, as well as all relevant documentation relating to payments, recoveries and operating costs, for example project and on the spots checks reports, acceptance of supplies and works, guarantees, warranties, reports of supervising engineers.

All relevant financial and contractual documents shall be kept for the same duration in accordance with Article 49 of the Framework Agreement.

Article 1a - Duty to inform, administrative sanctions, and failure to act

(1) The IPA II beneficiary shall inform the Commission immediately when a candidate, tenderer or applicant is in a situation of exclusion from participating in procurement and grant award procedures, has committed irregularities and fraud, or has been found in serious breach of its contractual obligations.

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¹ Elimination of unsuccessful bids five years after the closure of the procurement procedure.

² Elimination of unsuccessful applications three years after the closure of the grant procedure.

- (2) The IPA II beneficiary shall take into account the information contained in the Commission's 'Early Detection and Exclusion System' (EDES) when awarding procurement and grant contracts. Access to the information can be provided through the liaison point(s) or via consultation using the following means: (European Commission, Directorate-General for Budget, Accounting Officer of the Commission, BRE2-13/505, B-1049 Brussels, Belgium and by email to BUDG-C01-EXCL-DB@ec.europa.eu in copy to the Commission address identified in Article 3 of the Special Conditions).
- (3) Where the IPA II beneficiary becomes aware of an exclusion situation in the implementation of the tasks described in Annex I, the IPA II beneficiary shall impose upon an economic operator or a grant applicant an exclusion from its future procurement or grant award procedures. The IPA II beneficiary may also impose a financial penalty proportional to the value of the contract concerned. Exclusions and/or financial penalties shall be imposed following an adversarial procedure ensuring the right of defence of the person concerned. The IPA II beneficiary shall notify the Commission in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article.
- (4) In respect of paragraph 3 of this Article, the IPA II beneficiary is considered in failure to act, if it does not impose exclusion and/or a financial penalty upon the economic operator or grant applicant.
- (5) In the case of a failure to act, the IPA II beneficiary shall notify the Commission explaining the reasons for its failure to act. The Commission reserves the right to exclude an economic operator or a grant applicant from future EU financed award procedures, and/or impose a financial penalty on an economic operator or a grant applicant between 2 % and 10 % of the total value of the contract concerned.

Article 2 - Visibility and communication

- (1) In accordance with Article 24(3) of the Framework Agreement, the IPA II beneficiary shall take the necessary measures to ensure the visibility of EU funding for the activities entrusted to it, and prepare a coherent plan of visibility and communication activities which should be submitted to the Commission for an agreement within 2 months after the entry into force of this Financing Agreement.
- (2) These communication and visibility activities shall comply with the Communications and Visibility Manual for EU External Actions laid down and published by the Commission in force at the time of the activities.

Article 3 - Ex-ante controls on grant and procurement procedures and on ex post controls on contracts and grants to be performed by the Commission

- (1) The Commission may exercise *ex ante* controls on the tendering of contracts, launch of calls for proposals and the award of contracts and grants for the following stages of procurement or grant award:
 - (a) approval of contract notices for procurement, work programmes for calls for proposals, and any corrigenda thereof;
 - (b) approval of tender dossiers and guidelines for applicants on grants;
 - (c) approval of the composition of Evaluation Committees;
 - (d) approval of evaluation reports and award decisions³;
 - (e) approval of contract dossiers and contract addenda.
- (2) With regard to ex ante controls the Commission shall decide:
 - (a) to perform ex ante controls on all files, or

the

³ For service contracts this steps includes ex ante controls concerning approval of the shortlist.

- (b) to perform ex ante controls on a selection of such files, or
- (c) to completely dispense with ex ante controls.
- (3) If the Commission decides to perform ex ante controls in accordance with paragraph 2(a) or (b) of this Article, it shall inform the IPA II beneficiary of the files selected for ex ante controls. The IPA II beneficiary shall provide all the documentation and information necessary to the Commission upon being informed that a file has been selected for *ex ante* control, at the latest at the time of submission of the contract notice or the work programme for publication.
- (4) The Commission may decide to perform *ex post* controls, including audits and on-the-spot controls, at any time on any contracts or grants awarded by the IPA II beneficiary arising out this Financing Agreement. The IPA II beneficiary shall make available all the documentation and information necessary to the Commission upon being informed that a file has been selected for *ex post* control. The Commission may authorize a person or an entity to perform *ex post* controls on its behalf.

Article 4 - Bank accounts, accounting systems, and cost recognised

- (1) After the entry into force of this Financing Agreement, the National Fund and the operating structure of the IPA II beneficiary that is the Contracting Authority for the Programme shall open at least one bank account denominated in euro. The total bank balance for the Programme shall be the sum of the balances on all the Programme bank accounts held by the National Fund and all participating operating structures in the IPA II beneficiary.
- (2) The IPA II beneficiary shall prepare and submit to the Commission disbursement forecast plans for the duration of the implementation period of the Programme. These forecasts shall be updated for the annual financial report referred to in Article 14(2) and for each request for funds. The forecasts shall be based on a documented detailed analysis (including the planned contracting and payment schedule per contract for the following fourteen months) which shall be available to the Commission on request.
- (3) The initial disbursement forecast plan shall contain summary annual disbursement forecasts for the whole implementation period and monthly disbursement forecasts for the first fourteen months of the Programme. Subsequent plans shall contain summary annual disbursement forecasts for the balance of the implementation period of the Programme and monthly disbursement forecasts for the following fourteen months.
- (4) The IPA II beneficiary is required to establish and maintain an accounting system in accordance with Clause 2(3)(b) of Annex A to the Framework Agreement which will hold at least the information for the contracts managed under the Programme indicated in Annex V.
- (5) Cost recognised in the accounting system maintained under the section 4 of this Article must have been incurred, paid and accepted and correspond to actual costs proven by supporting documents and shall be used when appropriate to clear pre-financing paid by the IPA II beneficiary under local contracts.
- (6) The IPA II beneficiary shall provide to the Commission reports as follows:
 - (a) Cut-off report as set out in Article 14(4);
 - (b) Annual reports as set out in paragraphs (2) to (4) of Article 14;
 - (c) Request for funds reports as referred to in Article 5.



Article 5 - Provisions on payments made by the Commission to the IPA II beneficiary

- (1) The IPA II beneficiary shall submit its initial disbursement forecast for the Programme, prepared pursuant to Article 4(2), with the first pre-financing payment request. The first pre-financing payment shall be for 100 % of the forecast disbursements for the first year of the disbursement forecast plan.
- (2) The IPA II beneficiary shall submit subsequent pre-financing payment requests when the total bank balance for the Programme falls below the disbursements forecast for the following five months of the Programme.
- (3) Each request for additional pre-financing shall be supported by following documents:
 - a) A summary of all disbursements made for the Programme;
 - b) The bank balances for the Programme at the cut-off date of the request;
 - c) A forecast of disbursement for the Programme for the following fourteen months at the cutoff date of the request in accordance with Annex IV point (d).
- (4) The IPA II beneficiary may request for each subsequent pre-financing the amount of total disbursements forecast for the fourteen months following the cut-off date of the request, less the balances referred to in section 3(b) of this Article at the cut-off date of the request for funds increased by any amount funded by the IPA II beneficiary under paragraph 5 of this Article and not yet reimbursed.
 - The Commission reserves the right to reduce each subsequent pre-financing payment if the total bank balances held by the IPA II beneficiary under this Programme and on all other IPA I or IPA II programmes managed by the IPA II beneficiary exceeds the disbursement forecast for the next fourteen months.
- (5) Where the payment is reduced under paragraph 4 of this Article, the IPA II beneficiary must fund the Programme from its own resources up to the amount of the reduction. The IPA II beneficiary may then request the reimbursement of that funding as part of the next request for funds as specified in paragraph 4 of this Article.
- (6) The Commission shall have the right to recover excessive bank balances which have remained unused for more than twelve months. Before exercising this right, the Commission shall invite the IPAII beneficiary to give reasons for the delay in disbursing the funds and demonstrate a continuing need for them within the next following two months.
- (7) Interest generated by the bank accounts used for this Programme shall not be due to the Commission.
- (8) Following Article 33(4) of the Framework Agreement, if interruption of time limit for payment request exceeds two months, the IPA II beneficiary may request a decision by the Commission on whether the interruption of time limit is to be continued.
- (9) The final financial declaration referred to in Article 37(2) of the Framework Agreement shall be submitted by the NAO no later than 16 months after the end of operational implementation period.

Article 6 - Interruption of payments

- (1) Without prejudice to the suspension or termination of this Financing Agreement according to Articles 18 and 19 respectively, as well as without prejudice to Article 39 of the Framework Agreement, the Commission may interrupt payments partially or fully, if:
 - (a) the Commission has established, or has serious concerns that the IPA II beneficiary has committed substantial errors, irregularities or fraud questioning the legality or regularity of the underlying particular transactions in the implementation of the Programme, or has failed to comply with its obligations under this Financing Agreement, including obligations regarding the implementation of the Visibility and Communication plan;



(b) the Commission has established that or has serious concerns, whether the IPA II beneficiary has committed systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations under this or other Financing Agreements, provided that those errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations have a material impact on the implementation on this Financing Agreement or call into question the reliability of the IPA II beneficiary's internal control system or the legality and regularity of the underlying expenditure.

Article 7 - Recovery of funds

- (1) In addition to cases referred to in Article 41 of the Framework Agreement, the Commission may recover the funds from the IPA II beneficiary as provided in the Financial Regulation, in particular in case of:
 - (a) the Commission established that objectives of the Programme set out in Annex I are not achieved;
 - (b) non eligible expenditure;
 - (c) non respect of the contribution rate, as provided in Annex I;
 - (d) expenditure incurred as a result of errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations in the implementation of the Programme, in particular in the procurement and grant award procedure.
- (2) In accordance with national law, the IPA II beneficiary shall recover the Union contribution paid to the IPA II beneficiary from recipients who were in any situation defined in paragraph 1 points b) or d) of this Article or referred to in Article 41 of the Framework Agreement. The fact that the IPA II beneficiary does not succeed in recovering all or part of the funds shall not prevent the Commission from recovering the funds from the IPA II beneficiary.
- (3) Amounts unduly paid or recovered by the IPA II beneficiary, amounts from financial, performance and pre-financing guarantees lodged on the basis of procurement and grant award procedures, amounts from financial penalties imposed by the IPA II beneficiary on candidates, tenderers, applicants, contractors or grant beneficiaries, to the IPA II beneficiary shall be either re-used for the Programme or returned to the Commission.

Part Two: Provisions Applicable to Budget Support

Article 8 - Policy dialogue

The IPA II beneficiary and the Commission commit to engage in a regular constructive dialogue at the appropriate level on the implementation of this Financing Agreement.

Article 9 - Verification of conditions and disbursement

- (1) The Commission shall verify the conditions for the payment of the tranches of the budget support component, as identified in Annex I and Annex IA.
- (2) Where the Commission concludes that the conditions for payment are not fulfilled, it shall inform the IPA II beneficiary thereof without undue delay.
- (3) Disbursement requests submitted by the IPA II beneficiary shall be eligible for EU financing provided that they are in accordance with the provisions set out in Annex I and Annex IA and that they are submitted during the operational implementation phase.

(4) The IPA II beneficiary shall apply its national foreign exchange regulations in a nondiscriminatory manner to all disbursements of the budget support component.

Article 10 - Transparency of budget support

The IPA II beneficiary hereby agrees to the publication by the Commission, of this Financing Agreement and any amendment thereof, including by electronic means, and of such basic information on the budget support which the Commission deems appropriate. The content of such publication shall be in accordance with the EU laws applicable to the protection of personal data.

Article 11 - Recovery of budget support

All or part of the budget support disbursements may be recovered by the Commission, with due respect to the principle of proportionality, if the Commission establishes that payment has been vitiated by a serious irregularity attributable to the IPA II beneficiary, in particular if the IPA II beneficiary provided unreliable or incorrect information, or if corruption or fraud was involved.

Part Three: Provisions Applicable to this Financing Agreement Irrespective of the Management Mode

Article 12 - Execution period, operational implemention period and contracting deadline

- (1) The execution period is the period during which the Financing Agreement is implemented and includes the operational implementation period as well as a closure phase. The duration of the execution period is stipulated in Article 2(2) of the Special Conditions, and it shall start on the entry into force of this Financing Agreement.
- (2) The operational implementation period is the period in which all operational activities covered by procurement, grant contracts and delegation agreements are completed. The duration of this period is stipulated in Article 2(2) of the Special Conditions, and it shall start on the entry into force of this Financing Agreement.
- (3) The execution and operational implementation periods shall be respected by the Contracting Authority when concluding and implementing procurement, grant contracts and delegation agreements within this Financing Agreement.
- (4) Costs related to the activities shall be eligible for EU financing only if they have been incurred during the operational implementation period; the costs incurred by the IPA II beneficiary before the entry into force of the Financing Agreement shall not be eligible for EU financing.
- (5) The procurement and grant contracts shall be concluded at the latest within three years of the entry into force of the Financing Agreement, except:
 - (a) amendments to contracts already concluded;
 - (b) individual procurement contracts to be concluded after early termination of an existing procurement contract;
 - (c) contracts relating to audit and evaluation, which can be signed after operational implementation;
 - (d) change of the entity charged with entrusted tasks.



(6) A procurement or grant contract which has not given rise to any payment within two years of its signature shall be automatically terminated and its funding shall be de-committed, except in case of litigation before judicial courts or arbitral bodies.

Article 13 - Permits and authorisation

Any type of permit and/or authorisation required for the implementation of the Programme shall be provided in due time by the competent authorities of the IPA II beneficiary, in accordance with national law.

Article 14 - Reporting requirements

- (1) For the purpose of the general reporting requirements to the Commission set out in Article 58 of the Framework Agreement and the specific reporting requirements under indirect management set out in Articles 59(1) of the Framework Agreement on the annual report on the implementation of IPA II assistance, the NIPACs shall use the template provided for in Annex III to this Financing Agreement.
- (2) For the purpose of the specific reporting requirements under indirect management set out in point (a) of Article 59(2) of the Framework Agreement on the annual financial report or statements, the NAO in the IPA II beneficiary shall use the templates provided for in points (a) and (b) of Annex IV to this Financing Agreement.
- (3) For the purpose of Article 59(4) of the Framework Agreement, the NIPAC shall submit a final report on the implementation of IPA II assistance of this Programme to the Commission no later than four months after the last disbursement to its contractors or grant beneficiaries.
- (4) For the purpose of Article 59(6) of the Framework Agreement the NAO shall provide by 15 January of the following financial year in electronic format a copy of the data held in the accounting system established under Article 4(4). This should be supported by a signed un-audited summary financial report in accordance with point (c) of Annex IV.

Article 15 - Intellectual property rights

- (1) Contracts financed under this Financing Agreement shall ensure that the IPA II beneficiary acquire all necessary intellectual property rights with regard to information technology, studies, drawings, plans, publicity and any other material made for planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation purposes.
- (2) The IPA II beneficiary shall guarantee that the Commission, or anybody or person authorised by the Commission, shall have access and the right to use such a material. The Commission will only use such material for its own purposes.

Article 16 - Consultation between the IPA II beneficiary and the Commission

 The IPA II beneficiary and the Commission shall consult each other before taking any dispute relating to the implementation or interpretation of this Financing Agreement further pursuant to Article 20.



- (2) Where the Commission becomes aware of problems in carrying out procedures relating to the implementation of this Financing Agreement, it shall establish all necessary contacts with the IPA II beneficiary to remedy the situation and take any steps that are necessary.
- (3) The consultation may lead to an amendment, suspension or termination of this Financing Agreement.
- (4) The Commission shall regularly inform the IPA II beneficiary of the implementation of activities described in Annex I which do not fall under Part One of these General Conditions.

Article 17 - Amendment of this Financing Agreement

- (1) Any amendment of this Financing Agreement shall be made in writing, including an exchange of letters.
- (2) If the IPA II beneficiary requests an amendment, the request shall be submitted to the Commission at least six months before the amendment is intended to enter into force.
- (3) The Commission can amend the Model Documents in Annex III, IV and V without this necessitating an amendment to this Financing Agreement. The IPA II beneficiaries shall be informed in writing about any such amendment and its entry into force.

Article 18 - Suspension of this Financing Agreement

- (1) The Financing Agreement may be suspended in the following cases:
- (a) The Commission may suspend the implementation of this Financing Agreement if the IPA II beneficiary breaches an obligation under this Financing Agreement;
- (b) The Commission may suspend the implementation of this Financing Agreement if the IPA II beneficiary breaches any obligation set under the procedures and standard documents referred to in Article 18(2) of the Framework Agreement;
- (c) The Commission may suspend the implementation of this Financing Agreement if the IPA II beneficiary does not meet requirements for entrusting budget implementation tasks;
- (d) The Commission may suspend the implementation of this Financing Agreement if the IPA II beneficiary decides to suspend or cease the EU Membership accession process;
- (e) The Commission may suspend this Financing Agreement if the IPA II beneficiary breaches an obligation relating to respect for human rights, democratic principles and the rule of law and in serious cases of corruption;
- (f) This Financing Agreement may be suspended in cases of force majeure, as defined below. "Force majeure" shall mean any unforeseeable and exceptional situation or event beyond the parties' control which prevents either of them from fulfilling any of their obligations, not attributable to error or negligence on their part (or the part of their contractors, agents or employees) and proves insurmountable in spite of all due diligence. Defects in equipment or material or delays in making them available, labour disputes, strikes or financial difficulties cannot be invoked as force majeure. A party shall not be held in breach of its obligations if it is prevented from fulfilling them by a case of force majeure of which the other party is duly informed. A party faced with force majeure shall inform the other party without delay, stating the nature, probable duration and foreseeable effects of the problem, and take any measure to minimise possible damage. If force majeure impacts only part of the Programme, the suspension of the Financing Agreement can be partial;

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- (g) Neither of the Parties shall be held liable for breach of its obligations under this Financing Agreement if it is prevented from fulfilling them by force majeure, provided it takes measures to minimise any possible damage.
- (2) The Commission may suspend this Financing Agreement without prior notice.
- (3) The Commission may take any appropriate precautionary measure before suspension takes place.
- (4) When the suspension is notified, the consequences for the on-going or to be signed procurement and grant contracts, and delegation agreements shall be indicated.
- (5) A suspension of this Financing Agreement is without prejudice to the interruption of payments and termination of this Financing Agreement by the Commission in accordance with Article 6 and Article 19.
- (6) The parties shall resume the implementation of the Financing Agreement once the conditions allow with the prior written approval of the Commission. This is without prejudice to any amendments of this Financing Agreement which may be necessary to adapt the Programme to the new implementing conditions, including, if possible, the extension of the operational implementation and execution periods, or the termination of this Financing Agreement in accordance with Article 19.

Article 19 - Termination of this Financing Agreement

- (1) If the issues which led to the suspension of this Financing Agreement have not been resolved within a maximum period of 180 days, either party may terminate the Financing Agreement at 30 days' notice.
- (2) Except when the Commission acts as the Contracting Authority, this Financing Agreement shall be automatically terminated, if no payment has been made within the period of two years after this Financing Agreement entered into force.
- (3) When the termination is notified, the consequences for the on-going procurement and grant contracts, delegation agreements and such contracts or grants, and delegation agreements to be signed shall be indicated.
- (4) The termination of this Financing Agreement shall not preclude the possibility of the Commission to make financial corrections in accordance with Articles 36 to 44 of the Framework Agreement.

Article 20 - Dispute settlement arrangements

- (1) Any dispute concerning the Financing Agreement which cannot be settled within a six-month period by the consultations between the parties provided for in Article 16 may be settled by arbitration at one of the parties' request.
- (2) Each party shall designate an arbitrator within 30 days of the request for arbitration. Failing that, either party may ask the Secretary-General of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (The Hague) to designate a second arbitrator. The two arbitrators shall in their turn designate a third arbitrator within 30 days. Failing that, either party may ask the Secretary-General of the Permanent Court of Arbitration to designate the third arbitrator.



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- (3) Unless the arbitrators decide otherwise, the procedure laid down in the Permanent Court of Arbitration Optional Rules for Arbitration Involving International Organisations and States shall apply. The arbitrators' decisions shall be taken by a majority within a period of three months.
- (4) Each party shall be bound to take the measures necessary for the application of the arbitrators' decision.



Period covered by the report: 01/01/20XX-31/12/20XX

Report issued on XX/XX/20XX

Annual Report on the implementation of IPA II assistance under direct and indirect management by [country] submitted by the National IPA Coordinator

I. Executive Summary

- 1. Reference to the objectives of the Country Strategy Papers and a brief overview of challenges in the sectors
- 2. Involvement in programming
- 3. Relations with the European Commission.
- 4. Problems encountered in meeting the required conditions for implementation and in ensuring sustainability, related measures taken/planned, recommendations for further action.
- 5. Relevant issues stemming from the IPA II beneficiary's participation in the IPA monitoring committee and in sectoral monitoring committees (including Joint Monitoring Committee for CBC), if any.
- 6. Involvement in Multi-country actions and any related issues.
- 7. Monitoring and evaluation activities, main lessons learned & follow-up to recommendations.
- 8. Communication and visibility activities.
- 9. Donor coordination.

In case of indirect management the executive summary should also cover:

- Overall implementation of IPA assistance under indirect management (max. one page).
- 11. Main horizontal problems encountered in the implementation of IPA assistance and subsequent measures taken/planned (max. half page).
- 12. Recommendations for further actions (max. half page).
- 13. Audits main findings and recommendations and corrective actions taken

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II. Information per Sector

Sector title¹: [*Transport*]

Narrative part: summary per sector, including the following information:

- 1. Involvement in programming
- 2. Overview of results in moving towards a fully-fledged sector approach (i.e. targets reached as per sector roadmap in the Sector planning document).
- 3. Coordination with other instruments and/or donors/ IFI's within the sector
- 4. The impact of IPA II actions within the sector on the development of the relevant national administrative capacity in the sector, strategic planning and budgeting

Under indirect management the following information should also be included:

- 5. Operating structure(s) in place and related changes, if relevant: [Ministry of Transport]
- 6. Information on the implementation of programmes in the sector
- 7. Main achievements in the sector
- 8. Any significant problems encountered in implementing the tasks entrusted e.g. delays in contracting, and subsequent measures taken/planned.
- 9. Recommendations for further actions
- 10. Implemented monitoring and evaluation activities, audits main findings & lessons learned, recommendations, follow-up and corrective action taken

Sector title: Cross-Border Cooperation²

- 1. Involvement in programming as appropriate.
- 2. Progress made in implementing the CBC programme and in particular in achieving the specific objectives per thematic priority (including qualitative and quantitative elements indicating progress in relation to targets)
- 3. A summary of problems encountered in implementing the CBC programme and any corrective actions taken, as well as recommendations for further corrective actions.

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¹ As per the sectors in the indicative Strategy Papers.

² For Cross-border Cooperation specific reporting is required.

Annex III Model Annual Report

- 4. Monitoring, including data collection arrangements and where applicable evaluation activities.
- 5. Communication and visibility activities.
- 6. Coordination with the partner country.

Under indirect management the following information should also be included:

- 1. Operating structure in place and related changes, if relevant.
- 2. Any significant problems encountered in implementing the tasks entrusted e.g. delays in contracting, and subsequent measures taken/planned.
- 3. Recommendations for further actions
- 4. Implemented audits main findings & recommendations and corrective action taken

II a. Performance indicators in the [e.g. Transport] sector covering both direct and indirect management:

Indicators³ per programme

Financing Indicator fo Agreement/Programme [Transport] reference ⁴	or sector	Source	Baseline	Milestone (2017) Target (2020)	Target (2020)	Value (2014 ⁵)
2014 country programme	Reduction of average travel time of passengers between major urban centres by transport mode					
2014-20xx multiannual programme	Reduced transportation costs per unit of output					

³ These should be mostly outcome, as well as selected relevant output indicators

⁴ It has to be consistent with the way of programming (annual, multi-annual with or without split commitments) and with the NAO report S Number of columns to be adjusted for all years from 2014 up to the year of the reporting period. Values should be cumulative.

Annex III Model Annual Report

II b. Overview at the action level for sector [e.g. Transport]

Financing Agreement/ Programme reference	Action	State of play/Progress for particular action (e.g. ToR in preparation, tender launched, contracted, under implementation, completed)	Main achievements and their assessment	Significant problems encountered in implementing the entrusted tasks and the measures taken/planned to overcome them	Developments that influence implementation for the future	Recommendations for corrective further actions
[2014 country programme]	Electrification of the e.g. Service contract railway line from for preparation of xxx to border with ToR for the works contract signed and under implementation, tender for works contract to be launched in the second quarter of 2015	e.g. Service contract for preparation of ToR for the works contract signed and under implementation, tender for works contract to be launched in the second quarter of 2015		e.g. The service contract for the preparation of ToR for the works contract was delayed as the negotiated procedure failed and had to be relaunched	e.g. change of local law, like alignment with and implementation of the fourth Railway package	



Under indirect management the following annexes should also be provided:

Annex 1

Overview of the functioning of the management and control systems (including changes in the institutional structure) (max. one page).

Transparency, visibility, information and communication activities in line with FWA (max. one page)

Annex 2

Success stories (N.B. this section may be used for the annual financial assistance report prepared by the European Commission)

Annex 3

Annual procurement plan

For both direct and indirect management, the following annex should be provided:

Annex 4

Sector approach roadmap – achievements (highlighting whether planned targets have been fulfilled or not)