



U SUSRET NOVIM PREKOGRANIČNIM PROGRAMIMA

IPA II 2014-2020



Finansira Evropska unija



U SUSRET NOVIM PREKOGRANIČNIM PROGRAMIMA

IPA II 2014-2020



Uvodne napomene

IPA je skraćenica od Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance što znači Instrument pretpristupne podrške tj. podrška koju Evropska unija pruža Crnoj Gori na njenom putu ka članstvu.

Zamijenila je ranije instrumente podrške zemljama kandidatima i potencijalnim kandidatima za članstvo: CARDS, SAPARD, ISPA, PHARE, Turkey Instruments. Cilj Ipe je da pomogne zemljama kandidatima i potencijalnim kandidatima za članstvo da napreduju ka ispunjavanju Kopenhaških političkih i ekonomskih kriterijuma, kao i usvajanju i primjeni evropskog zakonodavstva.

Da bi se obuhvatile glavne potrebe država u procesu evropske integracije, podrška iz Ipe I za period 2007-2013 sprovodila se kroz pet komponenti:

- Podrška tranziciji i institucionalnoj izgradnji;
- Prekogranična saradnja (Crna Gora učestvuje u prekograničnim programima sa Albanijom, Bosnom i Hercegovinom, Hrvatskom, Srbijom i Kosovom¹, Jadranskom prekograničnom programu i dva transnacionalna programa – Mediteranski i Jugoistočna Evropa);
- Regionalni razvoj;
- Razvoj ljudskih resursa;
- Poljoprivreda i ruralni razvoj.

Podrška treba da doprinese naporima u ciju jačanja demokratskih institucija i vladavine prava, reforme državne uprave, reforme privrede, poštovanja ljudskih i manjinskih prava, promocije rodne ravnopravnosti, jačanja civilnog društva, unapređenja regionalne saradnje, kao i dostizanja održivog razvoja i smanjenja siromaštva.

Crna Gora je dosad koristila podršku u okviru I i II komponente, a u decembru 2014. je stekla uslove i za korišćenje III i IV komponente, dok su sredstva za V komponentu preusmjerena i korišćena u okviru I komponente.

U ovoj brošuri predstavljeni su ciljevi, tematski prioriteti, programske teritorije i finansijska sredstva za bilateralne, trilateralne i transnacionalne programe u kojima će Crna Gora učestvovati u narednom sedmogodišnjem periodu.

¹ Ova odluka je bez prejudiciranja statusa Kosova i u skladu je s Rezolucijom Savjeta bezbjednosti Ujedinjenih nacija 1244 i Mišljenjem suda pravde o proglašenju nezavisnosti Kosova

Ukratko - rezultati Ipe 2007-2013

Evropska unija je opredijelila 245 miliona eura bespovratne

finansijske podrške Crnoj Gori za programski period 2007-2013

U okviru I komponente kroz 102 nacionalna projekta odobreno je preko 165 miliona eura finansijske podrške koji se odnose na podršku procesu tranzicije, usklađivanju nacionalnog zakonodavstva sa pravnom tekovinom Unije i izgradnji institucija.

Kroz programe prekogranične saradnje odobreno je 184 projekta u oblasti ekonomske saradnje, zaštite životne sredine, turizma, poljoprivrede, kulture, obrazovanja, zapošljavanja, socijalne kohezije, kao i određeni broj manjih infrastrukturnih projekata, ukupne vrijednosti oko 27,65 miliona EUR.

Tako je u okviru Prekograničnog programa Albanija-Crna Gora, kroz tri poziva za projekte, odobreno ukupno 24 projekta kroz prioritetne mjere: Ekonomski razvoj s naglaskom na turizam; Zaštita i unapređenje životne sredine; Socijalna kohezija, kroz projekte ljudi-ljudima. Pored toga, u toku je realizacija strateškog projekta rekonstrukcije graničnih prelaza Božaj-Hani i Hotit i Grabom –Zatrijebačka Cijevna.

U okviru tri poziva za projekte Prekograničnog programa Bosna i Hercegovina-Crna Gora ugovoreno je 30 projekata za sledeće prioritetne mjere: Inicijative za prekogranični privredni razvoj, s naglaskom na turizam i ruralni razvoj; Inicijative za unapređenje životne sredine, s naglaskom na zaštitu, promovisanje i upravljanje prirodnim resursima; Društvena kohezija i kulturna razmjena kroz aktivnosti koje povezuju institucije i ljude.

Kada je u pitanju Program Hrvatska-Crna Gora u okviru dva poziva za projekte odobreno je 12 projekata za mjere: Zajedničke inicijative za zaštitu životne sredine i prirodnog i kulturnog nasleđa; Zajedničke inicijative u oblasti turizma i kulture; Mali prekogranični razvojni projekti.

U okviru Prekograničnog programa Srbija-Crna Gora kroz dva poziva za projekte sprovedeno je 29 projekata u okviru sledećih prioritetnih mjera: Pобоljšanje produktivnosti i konkurentnosti ekonomskih i ruralnih resursa, kao i resursa životne sredine u prekograničnoj oblasti; Prekogranične inicijative usmerene na razmjenu ljudi i ideja, kako bi se poboljšala saradnja stručne javnosti i civilnog društva.

Kada je u pitanju IPA Jadranski prekogranični program kroz tri poziva za projekte odobreno je 49 projekata koji se odnose na sledeće prioritete: Ekonomska, socijalna i institucionalna saradnja; Zaštita prirodnih i kulturnih resursa i prevencija rizika; Dostupnost i mreže.

Što se tiče transnacionalnih programa realizovano je ukupno 39 projekata u okviru sledećih prioriteta: Razvoj inovativnih pristupa i preduzetništva; Zaštita i unapređenje životne sredine; Pобоljšanje mobilnosti i teritorijalne pristupačnosti; Razvoj međunarodne saradnje potrebne za jačanje oblasti održivog rasta.

Kada je u pitanju III komponenta, Operativnim programom predviđena je finansijska podrška u iznosu od 23 miliona eura, koja je usmerena na regionalni razvoj tj. na aktivnosti planirane u oblastima zaštite životne sredine i saobraćaja.

Za IV komponentu opredijeljeno je 6 miliona eura za podršku u oblasti razvoja ljudskih resursa tj. zapošljavanju, obrazovanju, naučno-istraživačkom radu i društvenom razvoju.

Sredstva opredijeljena za V komponentu, preusmerena su u I komponentu Ipe za projekte koji se tiču poljoprivrede i ruralnog razvoja.

IPA II 2014-2020

Paralelno sa sprovođenjem projekata iz IPA programskog perioda 2007-2013, Crna Gora je 2013. počela sa programiranjem tzv. IPA II koja predstavlja novi okvir za pretpristupnu podršku Evropske unije za period 2014-2020 i ima za cilj sprovođenje reformi u okviru unaprijed definisanih sektora, koji su usko povezani sa Strategijom proširenja. Dakle, podrška u Ipe II će biti usmerena na sektore umjesto na komponente kako je to do sada bio slučaj.

Ključni dokument koji sadrži prioritete na nacionalnom nivou za podršku iz sredstava Ipe II je Indikativni strategijski dokument Crne Gore za Ipu 2014-2020 – SDCG (Indicative Strategy Paper for Montenegro 2014-2020). On definiše konkretne oblike podrške koja je potrebna za ostvarenje predviđenih ciljeva u odabranim sektorima, pri čemu planirana podrška mora biti utemeljena na prioritetima definisanim u nacionalnim strateškim dokumentima, strateškim dokumentima EU i odnositi se na oblasti u kojima su potrebna značajnija unapređenja u pregovaračkom procesu. Važno je istaći da se IPA II zasniva na principu u kojem više aktera u okviru određenog sektora radi na ostvarenju zajedničkog cilja. Takođe, podrazumijeva jasnu povezanost s procesom evropske integracije što u praksi znači sprovođenje akcija koje vode ispunjenju obaveza za članstvo u EU.

Radi se o osam navedenih sektora:

- Demokratija i upravljanje;
- Vladavina prava i temeljna prava;
- Životna sredina i klimatska akcija;
- Saobraćaj;
- Konkurentnost i inovacije;
- Obrazovanje, zapošljavanje i socijalna politika;
- Poljoprivreda i ruralni razvoj;
- Regionalna i teritorijalna saradnja.

Crnoj Gori će u okviru Ipe II biti na raspolaganju 270,5 miliona eura,

što predstavlja povećanje za deset odsto u odnosu na prethodnu

finansijsku perspektivu 2007-2013.

Programi prekogranične i transnacionalne saradnje

Programi prekogranične saradnje u okviru Ipe II se sprovode u okviru politike proširenja Evropske unije, te proizilaze i nastavljaju se na prethodni program sproveden u finansijskoj perspektivi 2007-2013.

Prekogranična saradnja ima za cilj promovisanje dobrosusjedskih odnosa i socio-ekonomski razvoj kroz zajedničke lokalne i regionalne inicijative. U okviru finansijske perspektive 2014-2020, Crna Gora će učestvovati u devet prekograničnih i transnacionalnih programa:

- Četiri bilateralna programa (Bosna i Hercegovina-Crna Gora, Crna Gora-Albanija, Crna Gora-Kosovo i Srbija-Crna Gora);
- Dva trilateralna programa (Hrvatska-Bosna i Hercegovina-Crna Gora i Italija-Albanija-Crna Gora);
- Tri transnacionalna programa (Dunavski, Jadransko-jonski i Mediteranski program).

Evropska komisija je usvojila Operativna programska dokumenta za programe sa Albanijom, Bosnom i Hercegovinom, Kosovom i Srbijom u decembru 2014, za Mediteranski program u junu 2015, dok se tokom 2015. očekuje usvajanje preostalih programskih dokumenata.

Program prekogranične saradnje Bosna i Hercegovina – Crna Gora

Opšti cilj Programa je održivi razvoj u pograničnom području između Bosne i Hercegovine i Crne Gore kroz sprovođenje zajedničkih aktivnosti zasnovanih na efikasnom korišćenju uporednih prednosti programskog područja.



Programska teritorija:

- Površina 30.367,33 km²
- 14 opština u Crnoj Gori
- Pljevlja, Plužine, Žabljak, Šavnik, Nikšić, Herceg Novi, Kotor, Tivat, Bijelo Polje, Mojkovac, Kolašin, Berane, Petnjica, Danilovgrad
- 56 opština u Bosni i Hercegovini

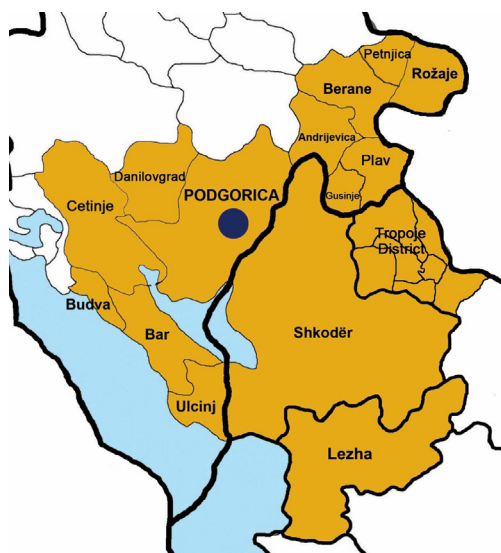
Tematski prioriteti:

- Podsticanje zapošljavanja, mobilnosti radne snage i socijalne i kulturne inkluzije s obje strane granice;
- Zaštita životne sredine, podsticanje prilagođavanja klimatskim promjenama i njihovog ublažavanja, prevencija i upravljanje rizicima;
- Promocija turizma, kulturnog i prirodnog nasljeđa.



Program prekogranične saradnje Crna Gora-Albanija

Opšti cilj Programa je promovisanje/jaćanje dobrosusjedskih odnosa i socio-ekonomskog razvoja pograničnih regija, kroz valorizaciju njihovog turističkog potencijala, ekološki održiv i društveno inkluzivni ekonomski razvoj, uvažavajući njihovo zajedničko kulturno i prirodno nasljeđe.



Programska teritorija:

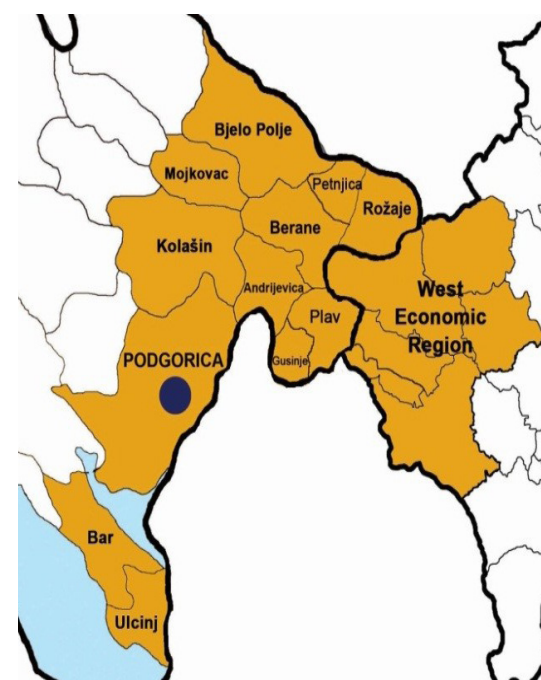
- Površina 11,970 km²
- 12 opština u Crnoj Gori
- Andrijevica, Berane, Petnjica, Plav, Gusinje, Rožaje, Podgorica, Cetinje, Danilovgrad, Budva, Bar i Ulcinj
- 2 regiona (Skadar i Lježa) i Tropoja okrug u Albaniji

Tematski prioriteti:

- Promocija turizma, kulturnog i prirodnog nasljeđa;
- Zaštita životne sredine, podsticanje prilagođavanja klimatskim promjenama i njihovog smanjenja, prevencija i upravljanje rizicima;
- Podsticanje zapošljavanja, mobilnosti radne snage i socijalne inkluzije s obje strane granice.

Program prekogranične saradnje Crna Gora-Kosovo

Opšti cilj Programa je poboljšanje standarda i kvaliteta života ljudi u programskom području kroz ekološki održiv i socijalno sveobuhvatan ekonomski razvoj regiona, uz poštovanje njenog zajedničkog kulturnog i prirodnog nasljeđa.



Programska teritorija:

- Površina 8.725 km²
- 12 opština u Crnoj Gori
- Andrijevica, Bar, Berane, Bijelo Polje, Gusinje, Kolašin, Mojkovac, Petnjica, Plav, Podgorica, Rožaje i Ulcinj
- Na Kosovu Zapadni ekonomski region, koji se sastoji od opština Peć, Istok, Klina, Junik, Dečani, Djakovica.

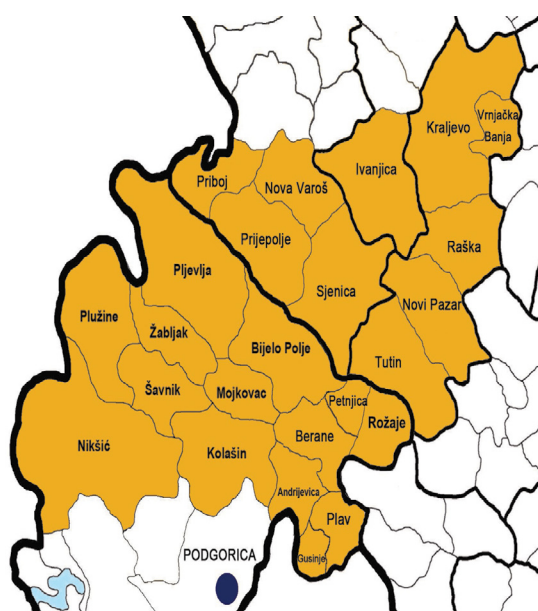
Tematski prioriteti:

- Promovisanje zapošljavanja, mobilnosti radne snage i socijalne i kulturne inkluzije s obje strane granice;
- Zaštita životne sredine, podsticanje prilagođavanja klimatskim promjenama i njihovog smanjenja, prevencija i upravljanje rizicima;
- Promocija turizma, kulturnog i prirodnog nasljeđa.



Program prekogranične saradnje Srbija-Crna Gora

Opšti cilj Programa je da se doprinese ekonomskom, društvenom i teritorijalnom razvoju programskog područja podsticanjem integracije, zajedničkog razvoja i korišćenja potencijala i mogućnosti kako bi se područje učinilo atraktivnim za život i rad.



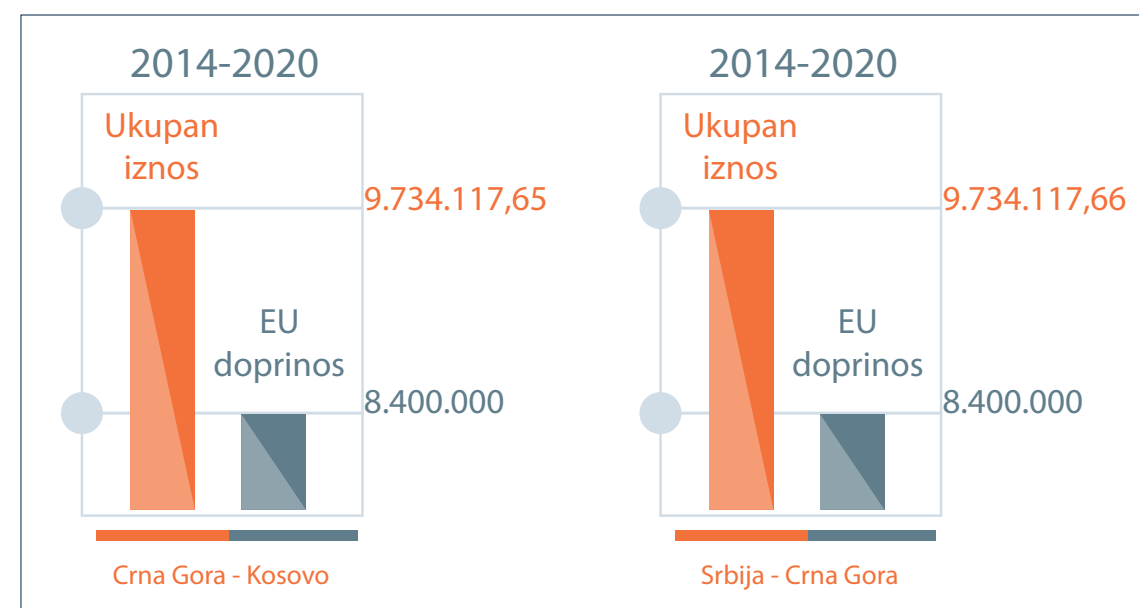
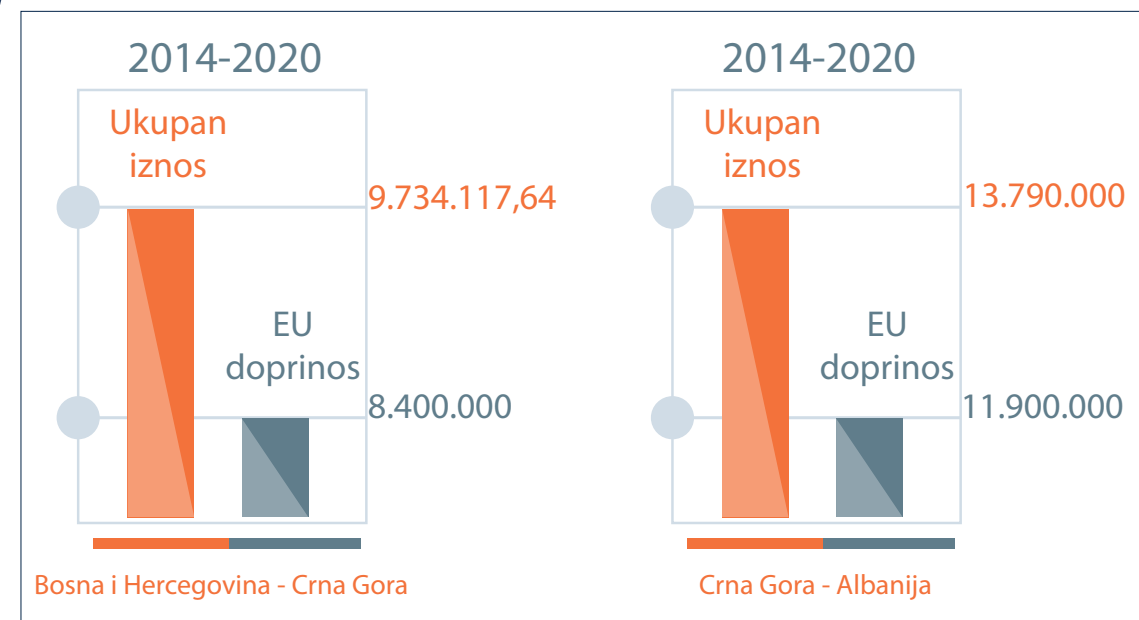
Programska teritorija:

- Površina 17.402 km²
- 14 opština u Crnoj Gori: Andrijevica, Berane, Bijelo Polje, Gusinje, Kolašin, Mojkovac, Nikšić, Petnjica, Plav, Pljevlja, Plužine, Rožaje, Šavnik, Žabljak
- 10 opština u Srbiji

Tematski prioriteti:

- Podsticanje zapošljavanja, mobilnosti radne snage i socijalne i kulturne inkluzije s obje strane granice;
- Zaštita životne sredine, podsticanje prilagođavanja klimatskim promjenama i njihovog smanjenja, prevencija i upravljanje rizicima;
- Promocija turizma, kulturnog i prirodnog naslijeđa.

Finansijska sredstva za bilateralne programe za period 2014-2020 (EUR)



Ukupno (EUR)

42.992.353

Trilateralni prekogranični programi

Hrvatska – Bosna i Hercegovina – Crna Gora

Opšti cilj Programa je jačanje socio-ekonomskog razvoja programske oblasti kroz intervencije u oblasti zdravlja, socijalnog staranja, zaštite životne sredine, prevencije rizika i razvoja održivog turizma i poslovnog okruženja.



Programska teritorija:

- Površina 87,453.95 km²
- 10 opština u Crnoj Gori
- Herceg Novi, Kotor, Tivat, Budva, Bar, Ulcinj, Cetinje, Danilovgrad, Nikšić, Podgorica
- 12 županija u Hrvatskoj
- Brčko distrikt i 109 opština u Bosni i Hercegovini

Tematski prioriteti:

- Zdravlje i socijalna zaštita;
- Zaštita životne sredine, prevencija od rizika i promocija održive energije i energetske efikasnosti;
- Turizam i očuvanje kulturnog i prirodnog naslijeđa;
- Jačanje konkurentnosti i poslovnog okruženja.

Italija – Albanija – Crna Gora

Opšti cilj Programa je unapređenje strateške prekogranične saradnje za pametan i održivi razvoj programske oblasti, uglavnom duž pomorske granice.



Programska teritorija:

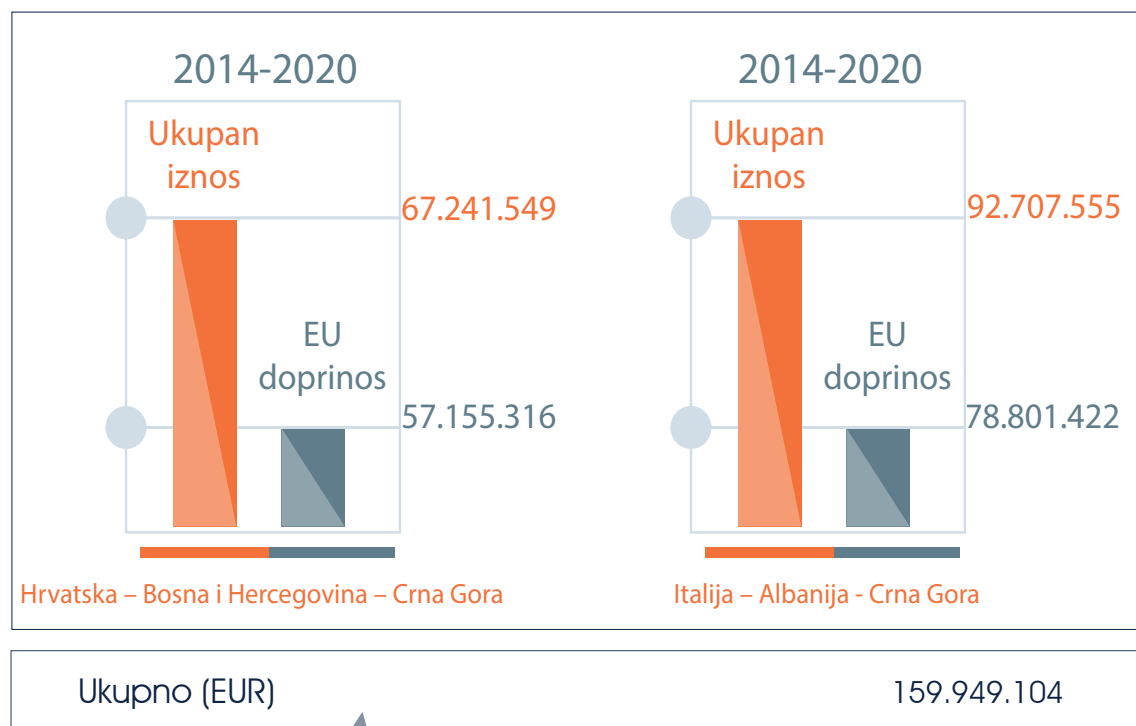
- Površina 66.365 km²
- Cjelokupna teritorija Crne Gore
- Italija: 2 regiona, 8 provincija
- Cjelokupna teritorija Albanije

Tematski prioriteti:

- Osnažiti prekograničnu saradnju i konkurentnost malih i srednjih preduzeća;
- Dobro upravljanje prirodnim i kulturnim resursima za održivi turizam i privlačnost programske teritorije;
- Zaštita životne sredine, upravljanje rizicima i nisko-karbonska strategija;
- Povećanje povezanosti prekogranične oblasti, unapređenje usluga za održivi saobraćaj i poboljšanje javne infrastrukture.



Financijska sredstva za trilateralne programe 2014-2020 (EUR)



Transnacionalni programi

Dunavski program

Opšti cilj Programa da kroz unapređenje teritorijalnih, ekonomskih i društvenih integracionih procesa, kao i kroz razvoj transnacionalnih partnerstava u oblastima koje su od strateškog značaja doprinese koheziji, stabilnosti i konkurentnosti Dunavskog regiona.

Programska teritorija:

- 1/5 teritorije Evropske unije
- 14 zemalja učesnica: Austrija, Bugarska, Hrvatska, Republika Češka, Mađarska, Njemačka (Baden-Württemberg i Bavarska), Rumunija, Slovačka, Slovenija, Bosna i Hercegovina, Moldavija, Crna Gora, Srbija i Ukrajina (jedan dio teritorije)

Tematski prioriteti:

- Inovativna i društveno odgovorna Dunavska regija;
- Životna sredina i kultura Dunavske regije;
- Bolje povezana Dunavska regija;
- Bolje upravljanje Dunavskom regijom.





Jadransko-jonski program

Opšti cilj Programa je bolja integracija zemalja članica i ne-članica EU, kao i jačanje ekonomske, socialne i teritorijalne kohezije u oblasti programa koristeći se bogatim prirodnim, kulturnim i ljudskim resursima na teritoriji Jadranskog i Jonskog mora.



Programska teritorija:

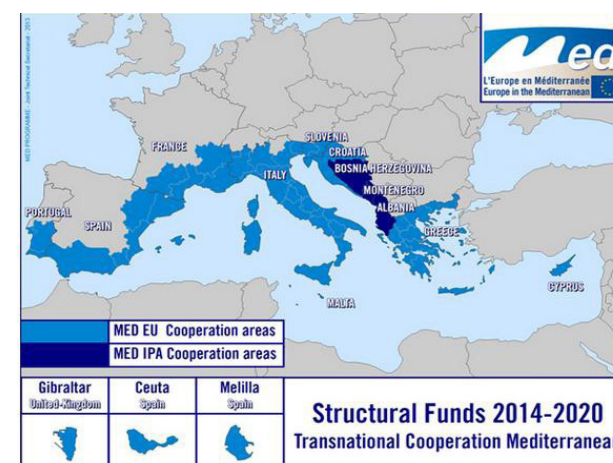
Obuhvata sledeće države: Italija, Slovenija, Grčka, Hrvatska, Albanija, Bosna i Hercegovina, Crna Gora, Srbija

Tematski prioriteti:

- Inovativan i pametan region
- Održivi region
- Povezan region
- Podrška upravljanju strategijom za Jadransko-jonski program

Mediterranski program

Opšti cilj Programa promocija održivog razvoja oblasti Mediterana kroz jačanje inovativnih koncepta i praksi, kao i razumno korišćenja resursa i to podržavajući socijalnu integraciju putem integrisanog i teritorijalnog pristupa saradnje.

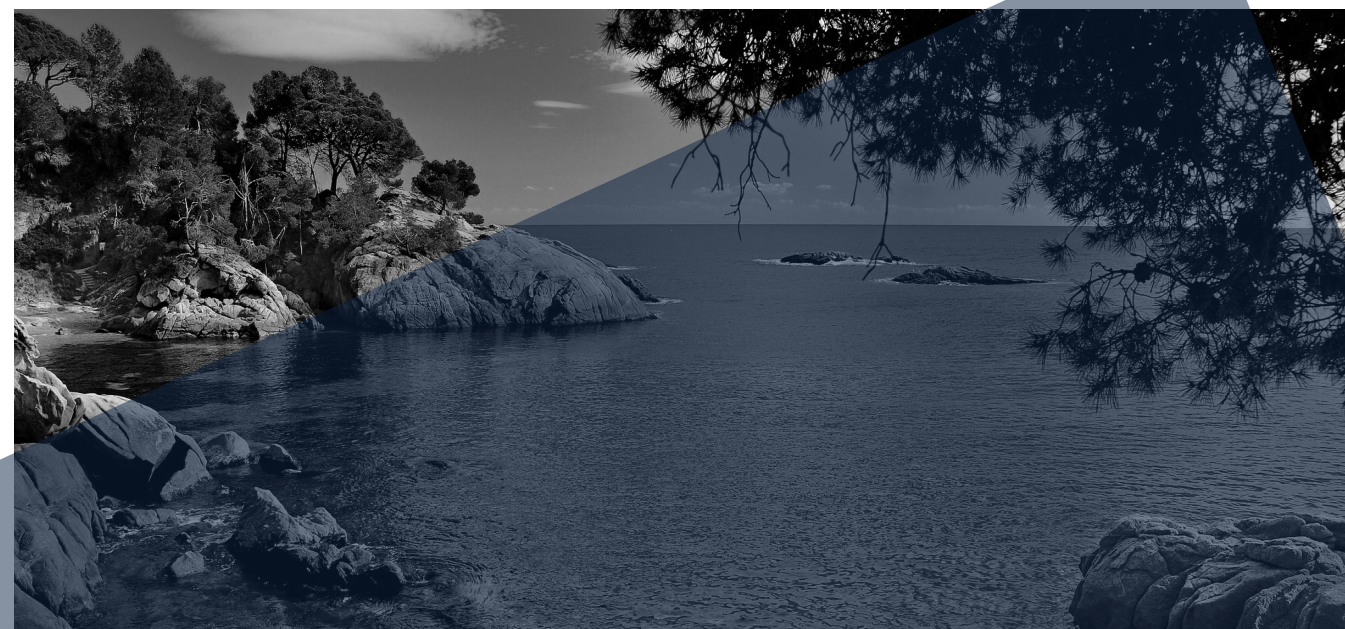


Programska teritorija:

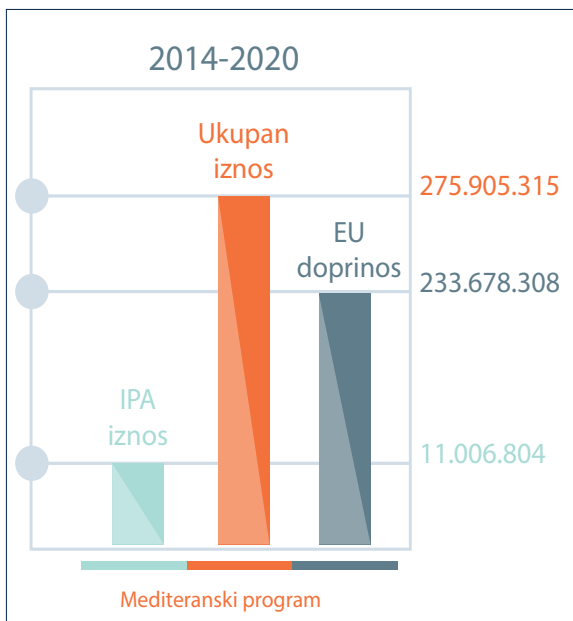
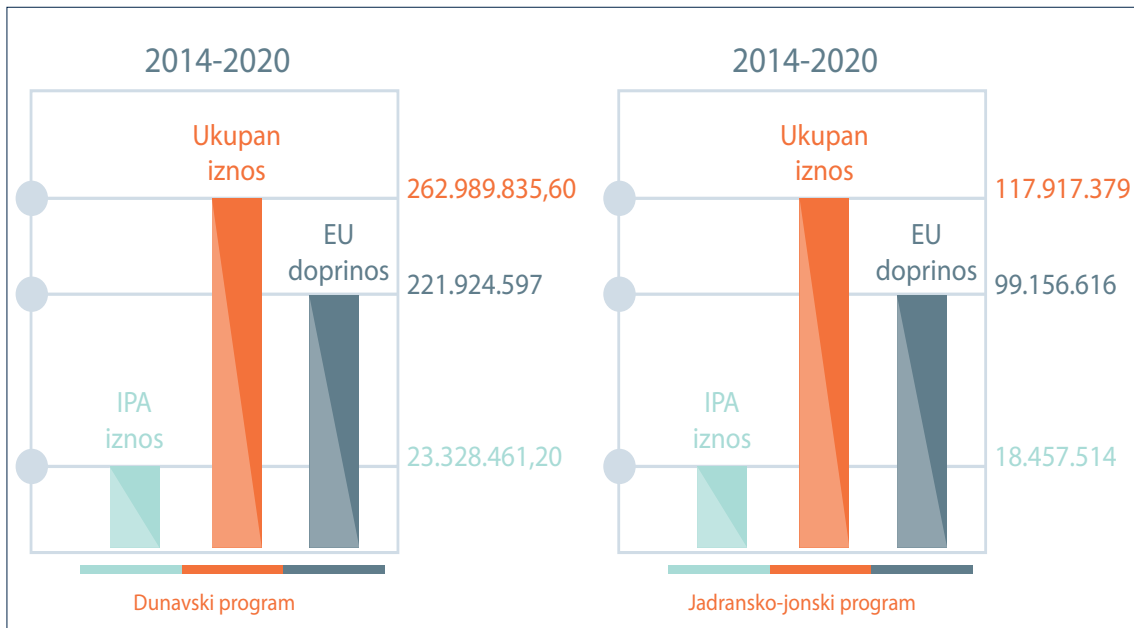
- 10 zemalja članica EU (Francuska, Italija, Španija, Portugal, Grčka, Kipar, Slovenija, Malta, Velika Britanija, Hrvatska), 3 zemlje kandidata / potencijalna kandidata – IPA (Crna Gora, Albanija, Bosna i Hercegovina).

Tematski prioriteti:

- Promocija inovacionih kapaciteta mediterana s ciljem "pametnog" i održivog rasta;
- Podsticanje nisko-karbonskih strategija i energetske efikasnosti u specifičnim Med teritorijama: gradovima, ostrvima i udaljenim oblastima;
- Zaštita i promovisanje prirodnih i kulturnih resursa Mediteranske oblasti;
- Jačanje upravljanja u oblasti Mediterana.



Financijska sredstva za transnacionalne programe 2014-2020 (EUR)



Ukupno (EUR) 656.812.529,60 52.792.779,20

Kako do prekograničnog projekta?

Prije objave Poziva za projekte treba:

- Posjetiti Forum za programe prekogranične saradnje i internetske stranice prekograničnih programa gdje se mogu pronaći sve aktuelne informacije;
- Kontaktirati Zajednički tehnički sekretarijat i Antene programa;
- Pročitati operativna programska dokumenta;
- Posjetiti info dane na kojima se prezentuju osnovna pravila programa i daju informacije o tome kako pripremiti uspješan prekogranični projekat;
- Prisustvovati forumima za uspostavljanje projektnih partnerstava, na kojima se mogu ostvariti direktni kontakti s potencijalnim partnerima i razmijeniti projektne ideje;
- Uspostaviti prekogranična partnerstva i pripremati zajedničke projekte;



Nakon objave Poziva za projekte, neophodno je:

- Pročitati Aplikacioni paket – set dokumenata koja sadrže detaljno Uputstvo za aplikante, sa svim pravilima za prijavu projekata, kao i kompletnu dokumentaciju koju treba popuniti da bi se prijavio projekat;
- Prisustvovati informativnim sastancima (tzv. info sesijama), na kojima se mogu dobiti detaljna objašnjenja o Aplikacionom paketu i kriterijumima po kojima će se procjenjivati projekat;
- S partnerima napisati zajednički projektni predlog i u predviđenom roku ga dostaviti, u skladu sa pravilima Poziva za projekte;
- Objava Poziva za projekte biće dostupna na internetskoj stranici Ministarstva vanjskih poslova i evropskih integracija www.mvpei.gov.me, portalu www.eu.me, programskim sajtovima, Forumu za programe prekogranične saradnje i u dnevnoj štampi.
- Nakon završetka Poziva za projekte, slijedi procjena kvaliteta projekta. Ukoliko projekat bude izabran za sprovođenje, slijedi faza ažuriranja budžeta, a zatim potpisivanje ugovora i sprovođenje projekta.



Ko može prijaviti projekat?²

- državne institucije;
- lokalni organi vlasti, lokalne samouprave i njihove institucije;
- udruženja opština;
- razvojne agencije;
- međunarodne organizacije;
- organizacije za pružanje podrške lokalnim preduzećima, ekonomski činioci kao što su MSP, turističke i kulturne organizacije;
- nevladine organizacije;
- tijela i organizacije za zaštitu prirode, državni organi odgovorni za upravljanje vodama, protivpožarne službe/službe za hitne slučajeve;
- državni organi koji pružaju podršku radnoj snazi;
- škole, fakulteti, univerziteti i istraživački centri uključujući institucije za stručno i tehničko obrazovanje
- organizacije civilnog društva

² Moguće je dodati još subjekata zavisno od navedenog programa

Druge korisne informacije

Programi će se sprovođiti kroz objavljivanje poziva za dostavljanje prijedloga projekata (Call for proposals) a koji obuhvataju jedan ili više tematskih prioriteta ili posebnih ciljeva programa prekogranične saradnje. Zajednički odbor za praćenje (ZOP) će biti odgovoran za utvrđivanje tematskih prioriteta, posebnih ciljeva, ciljanih korisnika i posebni fokus za svaki poziv za dostavljanje prijedloga koji odobri Evropska komisija. Odgovorni organi u zemljama učesnicama programa će obezbijediti punu transparentnost u tom postupku i pristup širem opsegu javnih i privatnih subjekata. Prvi pozivi u okviru Dunavskog i Mediteranskog programa se očekuju u septembru 2015, dok se za ostale programe očekuju tokom 2016.

Ugovorno tijelo za prekogranične programe sa Albanijom i Kosovom biće u Crnoj Gori i to Ministarstvo finansija (Direktorat za finansiranje i ugovaranje sredstava EU pomoći), dok je organ koji koordinira program u Crnoj Gori Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova i evropskih integracija. Za Prekogranični program Srbija-Crna Gora Ugovorno tijelo će biti u Srbiji, dok će za program Bosna i Hercegovina-Crna Gora biti smješteno u Bosni i Hercegovini.

Za trilateralni program sa Hrvatskom i Bosnom i Hercegovinom, Upravljačko tijelo, odgovorno za upravljanje i implementaciju programa će biti smješteno u Hrvatskoj, dok će za program sa Italijom i Albanijom Upravljačko tijelo biti smješteno u Italiji.



TOWARDS NEW CROSS BORDER PROGRAMMES

IPA II 2014-2020



EU funded Project



Introduction

IPA as an abbreviation stands for the Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance describing support by the European Union to Montenegro on its road towards EU membership.

It replaced previous support programmes, to candidate and potential candidate countries, such as the PHARE, ISPA, SAPARD, CARDS, and Turkey Instrument. Therefore, the aim of the IPA is to support both candidate and potential candidate countries for EU membership to achieve results in acquiring Copenhagen political and economic criteria as well as in acquiring and enforcement of *acquis communautaire*.

To ensure targeted needs of countries in the process of EU integration, IPA I support was implemented through five components:

- The support for transition and institution-building;
- The cross-border cooperation (Montenegro is involved in cross border cooperation Programmes with Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Serbia and Kosovo¹, IPA Adriatic Programme and two transnational Programmes – Mediterranean and South-east Europe Programme);
- The regional development;
- Human resources development;
- The agriculture and rural development.

The support should contribute to efforts for strengthening of democratic institutions, rule of law, public administration reform, economic reform, respect for human and minority rights, promotion of gender equality, strengthening civil society, promoting regional cooperation, as well as to achieve sustainable development and poverty reduction.

Montenegro has so far used the support within the components I and II, and in December 2014, the conditions were met for the use of Components III and IV, while funds for the V component were re-allocated and used in the framework of I component.

This brochure presents the objectives, thematic priorities, the Programmes' territory and available funds for bilateral, trilateral and transnational Programmes in which Montenegro will participate in the forthcoming seven-year period.

¹ This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

Summary - IPA Results

2007-2013

The European Union has allocated 245 million EUR of grant support to Montenegro for the Programming period 2007-2013.

In the framework of I component through 102 national projects it was approved over 165 million EUR to support the transition process, the harmonization of national legislation with the EU acquis and institution building.

Through Cross-border Programmes 184 projects were approved in the framework of economic cooperation, social cohesion, environment protection, tourism, agriculture, education, employment, as well as smaller number of infrastructure projects whose total value was 27.65 million EUR.

Thus, within the Cross-border Programme Albania-Montenegro, through three Calls for proposals, totally 24 projects were supported through following priority measures: Economic development with an emphasis on tourism; Environment protection; Social cohesion and people-to-people initiatives. In addition, implementation of a Strategic project is in the process for reconstruction of the border crossing points Božaj-Hani and Hoti and Grabom - Zatrijebačka Cijevna.

Within three Calls for project proposals as part of the Cross-border Programme Bosnia and Herzegovina-Montenegro it was contracted 30 projects within the following priority measures: Initiative for Cross-border economic development with an emphasis on tourism and rural development; Initiatives to improve the environment, with emphasis on protection, promotion and management of natural resources; Social cohesion and cultural exchange through actions connecting institutions and people.

When it comes to the Programme Croatia-Montenegro within two Calls for proposals it was approved 12 projects for following measures: Joint initiatives to protect the environment and natural and cultural heritage; Joint initiatives in the field of tourism and culture; Small Cross-border development projects.

Within the Cross-border Programme Serbia-Montenegro through two Calls for project proposals it was implemented 29 projects through the following priority measures: Improving the productivity and competitiveness of economic and rural resources, and environmental resources in the border areas; Cross-border initiatives targeting the exchange of people and ideas to enhance cooperation among the professional public and civil society.

When related to the IPA Adriatic Cross-border cooperation Programme through three Calls for proposals it was approved 49 projects related to the following priorities: Economic, social and institutional cooperation; Protection of natural and cultural resources and risk prevention; Availability and networks.

As far as Transnational Programmes a total of 39 projects were implemented under the following priorities: Developing innovation approaches and entrepreneurship; Protection and improvement of the environment; Improving mobility and territorial accessibility; Development of international cooperation needed to strengthen sustainable growth.

When it comes to the component III, the Operational Programme provides financial support in the amount of 23 million EUR, which is focused on regional development i.e. the activities planned in the fields of environmental protections and transport.

For the Component IV it was allocated 6 million EUR to support the development of human resources, i.e. Employment, education, scientific research and social development.

Funds allocated for the component V were re-allocated to the component I for projects related to Agriculture and Rural development.

IPA II 2014-2020

In parallel with the implementation of projects from the IPA programming period 2007-2013, Montenegro in 2013 began with the programming of the IPA II which is the new framework for pre-accession assistance of the European Union for the period 2014-2020, and aims to implement reforms within the pre-defined sectors, which are closely related to the Enlargement Strategy. Therefore, support to IPA II will be focused on sectors rather than the components as the case was before.

A key document that sets out the priorities at the national level for support from IPA II is indicative strategic document of Montenegro for IPA 2014-2020 - SDCG (Indicative Strategy Paper for Montenegro 2014-2020). It sets out concrete forms of support that is needed to achieve the planned objectives in selected sectors, where planned support must be based on the priorities defined in national strategic documents, EU strategic documents and relate to the areas that need significant improvement in the negotiating process. It is important to emphasize that the IPA II is based on the principle in which multiple actors within a particular sector acts in order to achieve a common goal. It also implies a clear connection with the process of European integration which in practice means the implementation of actions that lead to the fulfilment of obligations of EU membership.

The priority sectors are as following:

- Democracy and governance;
- Rule of Law and fundamental rights;
- Environment and climate actions;
- Transport;
- Competitiveness and innovation;
- Education, employment and social policies;
- Agriculture and rural development;
- Regional and territorial cooperation.

Within the IPA II it will be available around 270.5 million EUR for Montenegro, what is an increase of 10% when compared to previous financial perspective 2007-2013.

Cross-border and transnational cooperation programmes

The CBC programmes in the framework of IPA II are implemented under the EU's enlargement policy, and derive and build on previous Programme implemented in the financial perspective 2007-2013.

Cross-border cooperation aims to promote good neighbourly relations and socio-economic development through joint local and regional initiatives.

Within financial perspective 2014-2020, Montenegro will take part in nine cross-border and transnational programmes:

- Four bilateral programmes (Bosnia and Herzegovina-Montenegro, Montenegro -Albania, Montenegro -Kosovo and Serbia- Montenegro);
- Two trilateral programmes (Croatia-Bosnia and Herzegovina-Montenegro and Italy-Albania- Montenegro);
- Three transnational programmes (Danube, Adriatic-Ionian and Mediterranean Programme).

The European Commission adopted the Operational program documents for Programmes with Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo and Serbia in December 2014, for the Mediterranean Programme in June 2015, while during 2015 is expected to adopt the remaining programming documents.

Cross-border cooperation Programme Bosnia and Herzegovina-Montenegro

Overall objective of the Programme is the sustainable development in the cross-border area between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Montenegro promoted by the implementation of common actions based on an efficient use of the comparative advantages of the programme area.



Programme Area:

- Covers a territory of 30.367.33 km²
- 14 municipalities in Montenegro
- Pljevlja, Plužine, Žabljak, Šavnik, Nikšić, Herceg Novi, Kotor, Tivat, Bijelo Polje, Mojkovac, Kolašin, Berane, Petnjica, Danilovgrad
- 56 municipalities in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Programme thematic priorities:

- Promoting employment, labour mobility and social and cultural inclusion across the border
- Protecting the environment, promoting climate change adaptation and mitigation, risk prevention and management;
- Encouraging tourism and cultural and natural heritage.



Cross-border cooperation Programme Montenegro-Albania

Overall objective of the Programme is to promote/strengthen good neighbourly relations and socioeconomic development of the border regions, through valorising its touristic potentials, an environmentally sustainable and socially inclusive economic development, with respect for its common cultural and natural heritage.



Programme Area:

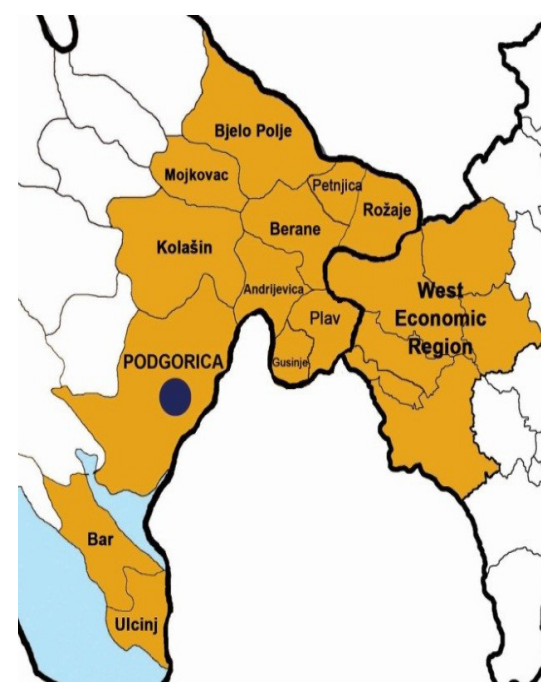
- Covers a territory of 11.970 km²
- 12 municipalities in Montenegro
- Andrijevica, Berane, Petnjica, Plav, Gusinje, Rožaje, Podgorica, Cetinje, Danilovgrad, Budva, Bar and Ulcinj
- 2 regions of Shkodra and Lezha and the district of Tropoja in Albania

Programme thematic priorities:

- Encouraging tourism and cultural and natural heritage;
- Protecting the environment, promoting climate change adaptation and mitigation, risk prevention and management;
- Promoting employment, labour mobility and social and cultural inclusion across the border.

Cross-border cooperation Programme Montenegro-Kosovo

Overall objective of the Programme is to improve the standard and quality of living of the people in the programme area through the environmentally sustainable and socially inclusive economic development of the region, with respect for its common cultural and natural heritage.



Programme Area:

- Covers a territory of 8.725 km²
- 12 municipalities in Montenegro
- Andrijevica, Bar, Berane, Bijelo Polje, Gusinje, Kolašin, Mojkovac, Petnjica, Plav, Podgorica, Rožaje and Ulcinj
- In Kosovo includes the West Economic Region, which is composed of the municipalities of Pejë/Peć, Istog/Istok, Klinë/Klina, Junik, Deçan/Dečani, Gjakovë/Đakovica.

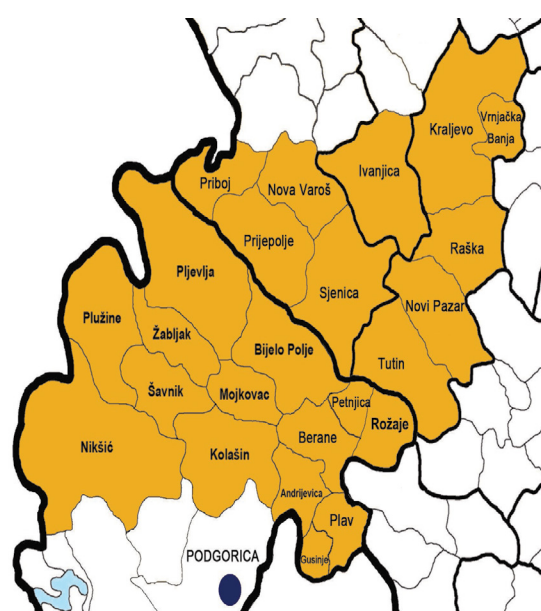
Programme thematic priorities:

- Promoting employment, labour mobility and social and cultural inclusion across the border;
- Protecting the environment, promoting climate change adaptation and mitigation, risk prevention and management;
- Encouraging tourism and cultural and natural heritage.



Cross-border cooperation Programme Serbia-Montenegro

The Programme general objective is to contribute to the economic, social and territorial development of the programme area by fostering integration, joint development and use of potentials and opportunities to make the area attractive to live and work.



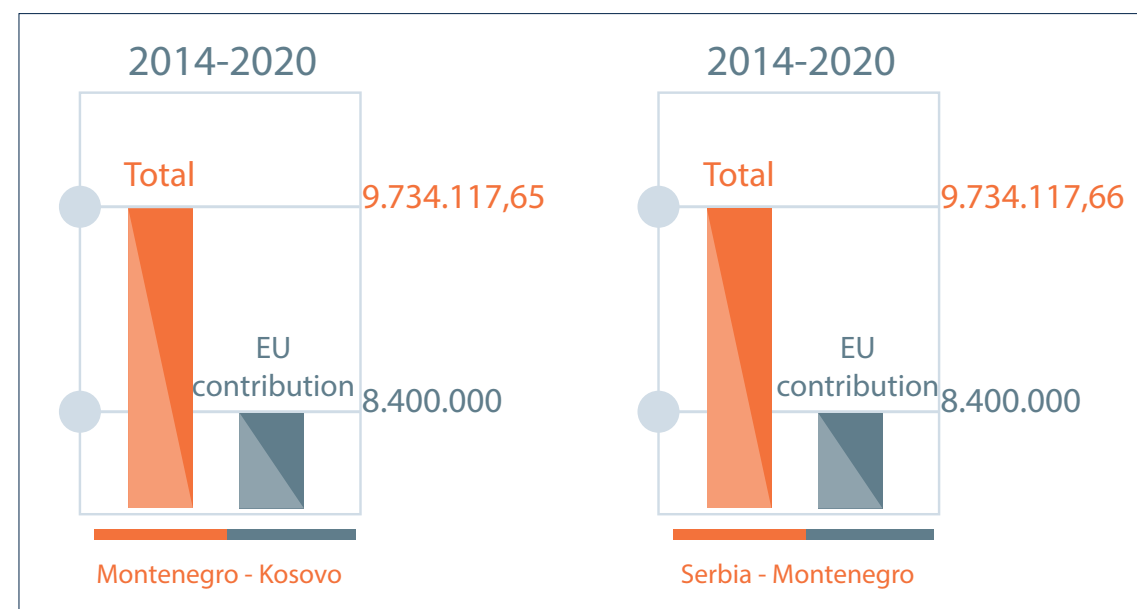
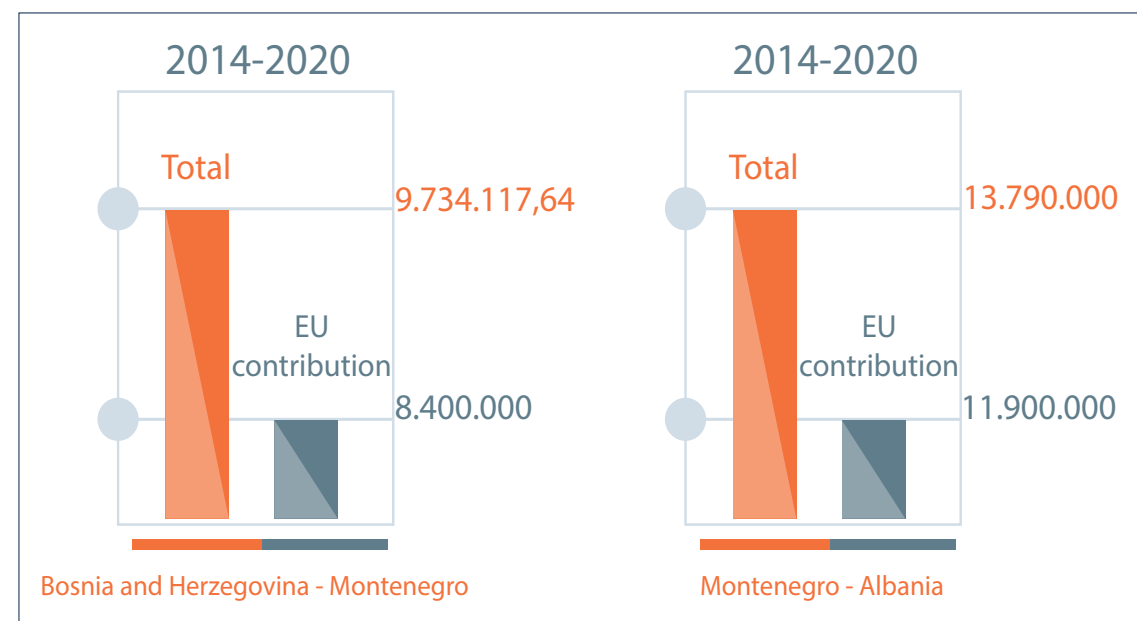
Programme Area:

- Covers a territory of 17.402 km²
- 14 municipalities in Montenegro: Andrijevica, Berane, Bijelo Polje, Gusinje, Kolašin, Mojkovac, Nikšić, Petnjica, Plav, Pljevlja, Plužine, Rožaje, Šavnik, Žabljak
- 10 municipalities in Serbia

Programme thematic priorities:

- Promoting employment, labour mobility and social and cultural inclusion across the border;
- Protecting the environment, promoting climate change adaptation and mitigation, risk prevention and management;
- Encouraging tourism and cultural and natural heritage.

Financial allocation for bilateral programmes for the period 2014-2020 (EUR)



Total (EUR)	42.992.353
-------------	------------

Trilateral cross-border cooperation programmes

Interreg IPA Cross-border Cooperation Programme
Croatia-Bosnia and Herzegovina-Montenegro

The Programme aim is to increase socio-economic growth of the programme area through interventions in the areas of health and social care, environment and nature protection, risk prevention and development of sustainable tourism and business environment.



Programme Area:

- Covers a territory of 87.453.95 km²
- 10 municipalities in Montenegro
Herceg Novi, Kotor, Tivat, Budva, Bar, Ulcinj, Cetinje, Danilovgrad, Nikšić, Podgorica
- 12 counties in Croatia
- Brčko District and 109 municipalities in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Programme thematic priorities:

- Health and social care;
- Environment, biodiversity, risk prevention, sustainable energy and energy efficiency;
- Tourism and cultural and natural heritage;
- Competitiveness and business environment development.

Interreg IPA Cross-border Cooperation Programme
Italy – Albania – Montenegro

The overall objective of the Programme is to enhance strategic cross-border co-operation for a smart and a more sustainable development of the Programme area, mainly across the maritime border.



Programme Area:

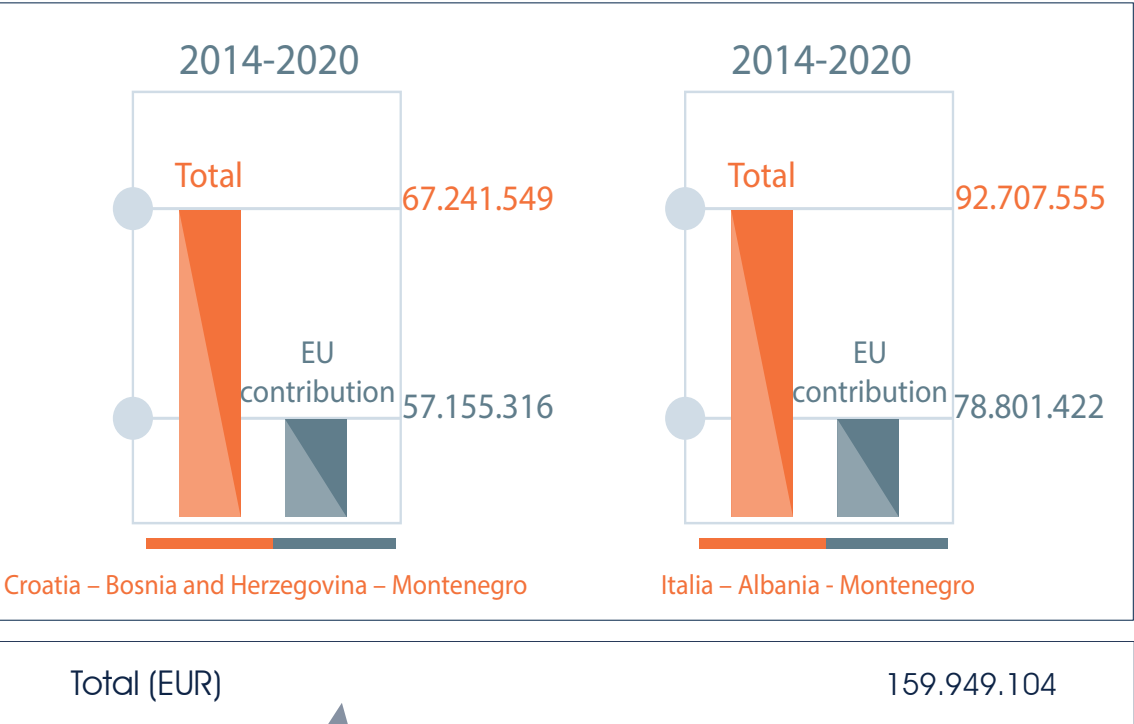
- Covers a territory of 66,365 km²
- Whole territory of Montenegro
- 2 regions and 8 provinces in Italy
- Whole territory of Albania

Programme thematic priorities:

- Strengthening the cross-border cooperation and competitiveness of SMEs;
- Smart management of natural and cultural heritage for the exploitation of cross border sustainable tourism and territorial attractiveness;
- Environment protection, risk management and low carbon strategy;
- Increasing cross border accessibility, promoting sustainable transport service and facilities and improving public infrastructures.



Financial allocation for trilateral programmes for the period 2014-2020 (EUR)



Transnational programmes

Danube Transnational Programme

The overall objective of the Programme is, through improvement of territorial, economic and social integration processes, and through development of transnational partnerships to contribute to cohesion, stability and competitiveness of the Danube area.

Programme Area:

- 1/5 of the European Union Territory
- 14 countries: 8 EU countries - Austria, Bulgaria, Croatia, the Czech Republic, Germany (only Baden-Württemberg and Bayern), Hungary, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia; and 5 non-EU countries - Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Moldova, Montenegro, Serbia, part of Ukraine.

Programme thematic priorities:

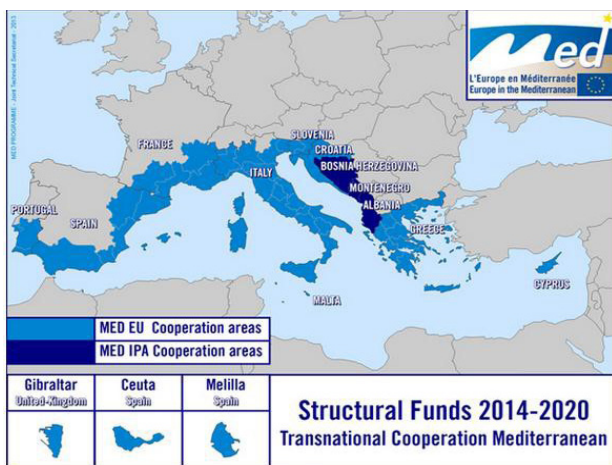
- Innovative and socially responsible Danube region;
- Environment and culture responsible Danube region;
- Better connected and energy responsible Danube region;
- Well-governed Danube region.





Mediterranean Cooperation Programme

The overall objective of the MED Programme is to promote sustainable growth in the Mediterranean area by fostering innovative concepts and practices and a reasonable use of resources and by supporting social integration through an integrated and territorially based cooperation approach.



Programme Area:

- 10 EU Member States EU (France, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Cyprus, Slovenia, Malta, Great Britain, Croatia), and 3 IPA countries (Montenegro, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina).

Programme thematic priorities:

- Promoting Mediterranean innovation capacities to develop smart and sustainable growth;
- Fostering low carbon strategies and energy efficiency in specific MED territories: cities, islands and remote areas;
- Protecting and promoting Mediterranean natural and cultural resources;
- A shared Mediterranean Sea.

Adriatic Ionian Programme

The overall objective of the ADRION programme is to act as a policy driver and governance innovator fostering the European integration among Member and non-Member states, utilising the rich natural, cultural and human resources surrounding the Adriatic and Ionian seas and enhancing economic, social and territorial cohesion in the programme area.



Programme Area:

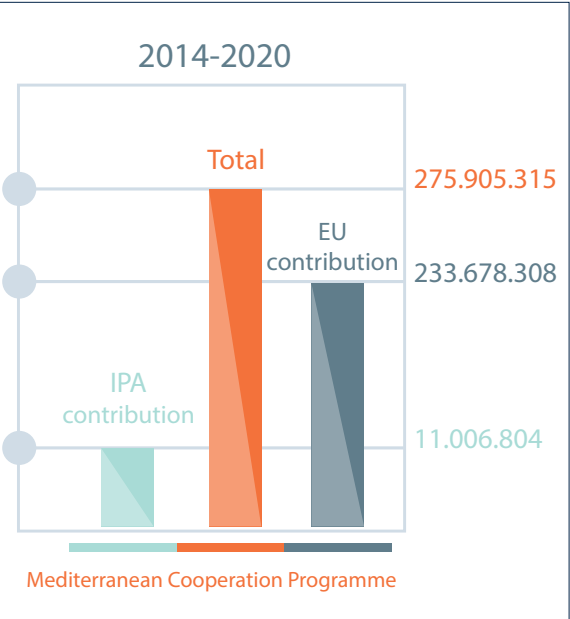
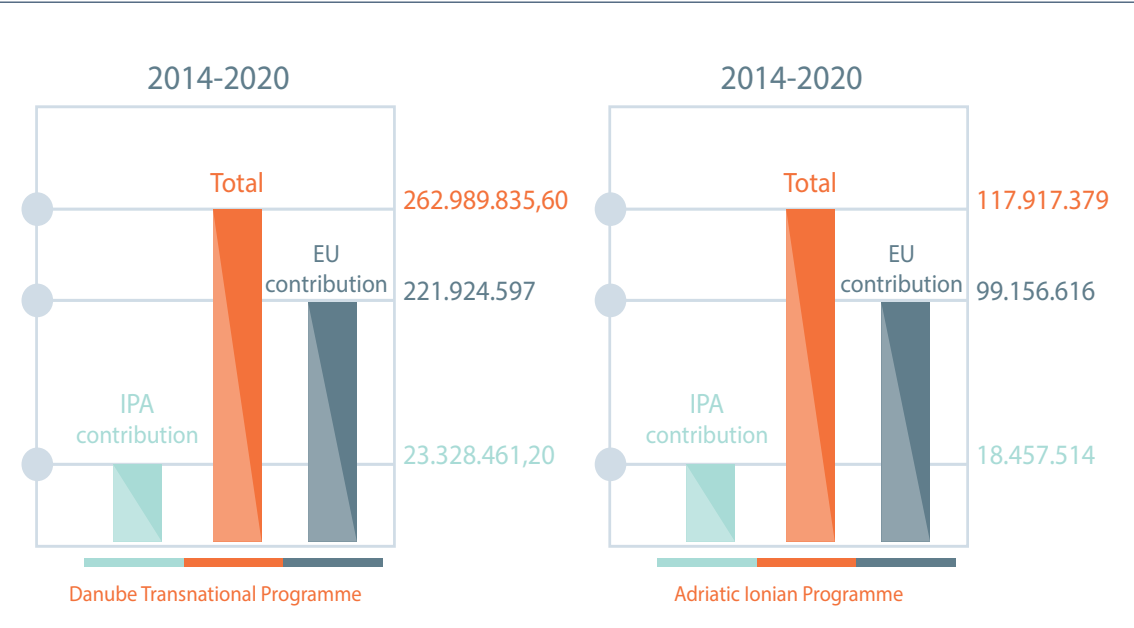
4 EU countries: Croatia, Greece, part of Italy, Slovenia, and 4 non-EU countries: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, and Serbia.

Programme thematic priorities:

- Innovative and smart region;
- Sustainable region;
- Connected region;
- Supporting the governance of EUSAIR.



Financial allocation for Transnational programmes for the period 2014-2020 (EUR)



Total (EUR)	656.812.529,60	52.792.779,20
-------------	----------------	---------------

How to reach Cross-border projects?

Before launching the Call please:

- Visit the Internet Forums for Cross-border cooperation and internet pages of Cross-border Programmes where all relevant information are available;
- Contacts Joint Technical Secretariat and Programme's Antennas;
- Read carefully Programme Operational Documents;
- Visit Informational Days where basic rules and information are presented related to preparation of successful Cross-border project proposal;
- Attend at the Forums for establishing Cross-border partnership, where direct contacts could be established with potential partners and share with them possible project ideas;
- Establish cross-border partnership and jointly develop project proposals;



After Call launching it is strongly recommended to:

- Read Application package – set of documents including Guidelines for Applicants, with all instruction for applying with the project proposal, as well as with the whole documents to be completed in order to apply for the grant;
- Attend information meetings (Info sessions), where detailed explanation related Application package will be provided and related to project evaluation criteria;
- Develop project proposal jointly with partners and submit it within deadline and in accordance with Rules of the Call;
- Visit internet pages where Launching of the Call will be announced: web pages of Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European Integrations www.mvpei.gov.me, portal www.eu.me, Cross –border web sites, Web Forum for cross-border cooperation and in Daily newspapers.

After closing Call for proposals, evaluation of the project proposals will be conducted. In the case the project proposal is supported, budget clearing follows, as well as the contracting and project implementation.



Who can apply for grant?²

- State institutions;
- Local authorities and its institutions;
- Associations of municipalities;
- Development agencies;
- International organisations;
- Organisations for support to local companies, economic stakeholders like SMEs, tourism and culture organisations;
- Non-governmental organisations;
- Bodies and organisations for environmental protection, state authorities in charge for water management, fire brigades/emergency departments;
- State authorities supporting work force;
- Schools, faculties, universities and research centres including institutions for vocational and technical education;
- Civil society organisations.

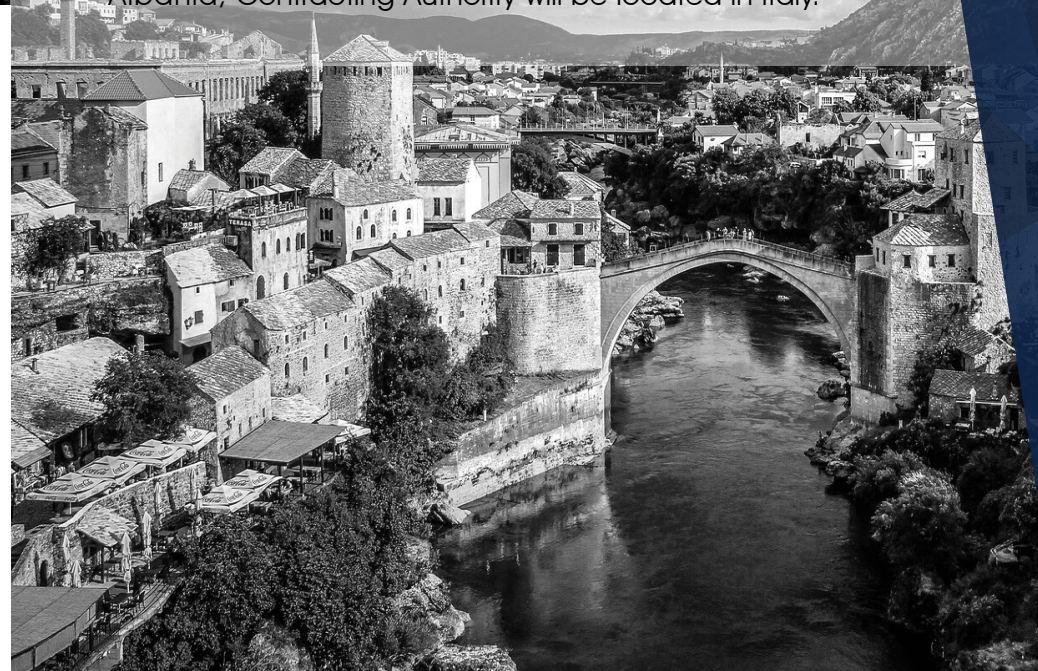
² Additional entities can be added if relevant to the Programme

Other useful information

The programs will be implemented through the launching of Calls for proposals which include one or more of the thematic priorities and specific targets of the Cross-border cooperation Programmes. The Joint Monitoring Committee (JMC) will be responsible for establishing the thematic priorities, specific objectives, the targeted beneficiaries and specific focus for each Call for proposals approved by the European Commission. Responsible authorities in the countries participating in the Programme will ensure full transparency in this process and access to a wider range of public and private entities. First calls for proposals for the Danube and Mediterranean Programme are expected in September 2015, while for the other cross-border programmes are expected during 2016.

The Contracting authority for Cross-border Programmes with Albania and Kosovo will be in Montenegro, the Ministry of Finance (Directorate for finance and contracting the EU funds), while the body that coordinates the Programmes in Montenegro will be Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European Integration. For Cross-border Programme Serbia-Montenegro contracting authority will be in Serbia, while for the Programme Bosnia-Herzegovina - Montenegro it will be located in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

For a trilateral Programme with Croatian and Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Contracting Authority, responsible for the management and implementation of the Programme will be located in Croatia, while for the Programme with Italy and Albania, Contracting Authority will be located in Italy.







Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova i evropskih integracija
Generalni direktorat za koordinaciju programa pomoci EU
Direkcija za programe prekogranične saradnje
Adresa: Stanka Dragojevića 2, 81000 Podgorica
Tel: +382 20 416 349
Web: www.eu.me

Ova brošura je izrađena uz podršku Evropske unije.
Sadržaj ove brošure predstavlja isključivu odgovornost Ministarstva vanjskih poslova i evropskih integracija
i ni na koji način se ne može smatrati da odražava stavove Evropske unije.
This publication has been produced with the assistance of the European Union.
The content of this publication is the sole responsibility of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European
Integration and can in no way be taken to reflect the views of the European Union.